AUTHOR EJOURNALIST

February, 1951

25 Cents

Shall I tell you something about you?

If you are the typical reader of $A \otimes \mathcal{J}$, you have more interest in writing fiction than in writing non-fiction, and you give more attention to articles than to verse in your writing hours. Only 3 percent of the time do you turn to writing humor, 2 percent of the time to writing greeting card verse or plays, 1 percent of the time to taking photographs, writing inspirational material, or trying your hand at quizzes, puzzles, and cartoons.

MOSTLY PERSONAL continued on page three

VERSE AND JUVENILE MARKET LISTS

HAVE YOU SOLD ANY MANUSCRIPTS LATELY TO

Uitgeverij De Nederlandsche Keurboekerij?

 ${f T}$ HEY ARE the Netherlands publishers who have just contracted for the Dutch language rights on my novel "King of the Prairies," which saw publication first in England, then in Spain. Perhaps you aren't ready yet to branch out in these world markets, but you will be advancing in that direction tomorrow if you plan constructively today.



If you require assistance with your planning, write me a letter explaining your particular writing problem, and ask for a copy of my free circular entitled "Literary Help." I provide personalized aid in the form of corrective criticism, professional editing or manuscript revision, as your need may indicate.

INTERVIEWS BY ARRANGEMENT ONLY.

CHARLES CARSON, Literary Consultant Los Angeles 5, Calif.

601 S. Vermont Ave.

Writing Careers Guaranteed.

THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME

You will become a successful professional writer, if we take you in our limited circle of writers, or it won't cost you a penny!

If "systems," "plans," "course," etc., have not made you a literary success, write for our pamphlet giving details of this unique offer.

One hitherto unpublished writer, working under the supervision of our director, George Kelton, sold more than 100 stories within a fourmonth period. Here is a record no other teacher, school, or agency can approach.

Send for the pamphlet today! It is free and puts you under no obligation.

WRITING CAREERS GUARANTEED

GEORGE KELTON, Director

Malibu 1

California

Mostly Personal

(Continued from front cover)

We have been finding this out about you during the past year. Nearly every month the office staff sends a poll letter to 500 or 1000 of our subscribers, a different group each time. At times this poll letter has been combined with a renewal notice and offer. (By the way, renewals for A&J have been coming in at a higher percentage than ever before, according to the past records we have at hand.)

And a well-known scientist and mathematician has lent us his aid in analyzing the answers you have been good enough to provide us.

Of course we aren't editing a magazine for some person who would be the theoretical writer combining the interests in the proportions I've mentioned. But we have wanted to find out the dominant interests among our readers, so that we can serve those interests in the best way we can. The results of the poll are very interesting to all of us on the staff, and I think each of you would be interested in the results, also. Here are a few highlights.

Our polls contain two groups of questions, usually. One group of questions calls for expression of choice among features actually published (or some other method of expressing opinion about the items which actually have appeared). The other group asks for indication of interests in broad subjects, such as "market news," "market lists," "articles on fiction techniques," "articles on specialized writing interests," "monthly columns," etc.

From the results of both groups of questions we find that you indicate dominant interest in writing fiction 43% of the time, non-fiction and articles 30%, poetry 10.5%, humor 3%, radio TV 3%, greeting card verse 2%, plays and scenarios 1.5%, photography, trade journal articles, inspirational material, public relations and advertising each 1%, quizzes and puzzles, cartoons, journalism, each 0.5%.

Sometimes we have heard the assertion that a writer's magazine can't quite be professional—that it must be edited for a hobby group of people who are not very seriously interested in continued attemots at writing. Our poll indicates that we do edit for professional and semi-professional groups. Only 7% of our readers, according to the replies, are non-writers or have a purely hobby interest in writing and do not make an efort to write for publication. Of the other 93 percent, very nearly 60 percent regard themselves as professional or semi-professional writers inasmuch as they have had considerable marketing experience; the other

40% regard themselves chiefly as beginners, trying more to learn, as yet, than to attempt serious marketing. Needless to say, this has been a gratifying bit of information for us.

What have you liked in the magazine during the past year? Our mathematical expert can turn the answers round and round statistically for us, so that we come up with all sorts of interesting sidelights. For instance, A&J's famous market lists. He can tell us how many are not interested in these (only about 1 in 100 of the writersand that person is likely to be the rarely fortunate one who has his markets all set up which absorb all his production, so that he doesn't expect to search for any new ones!), how many are only relatively interested in these market lists (only about 1 in 6), and why they seem not so interested as do most of our readers.

Preferences among features will vary, of course, according to the writing interests of particular readers and according to the fare offered in a particular issue. One issue a year we do not have a market list (the annual Forecast issue in March); at other times various features will be shifted. Therefore, relative positions often change among these items. But perhaps an interesting over-all view may be indicated by the following "average" among the various issues polled. In each case, the number indicates the order of preference, from highest to lowest.

order of preference, from highest to lowest.

1. Market lists. The preference varies, of course, according to the nature of the market list. The quarterly Handy Market list is always preferred in the issues in which it appears; the interest in the annual or semi-annual lists (Speci-

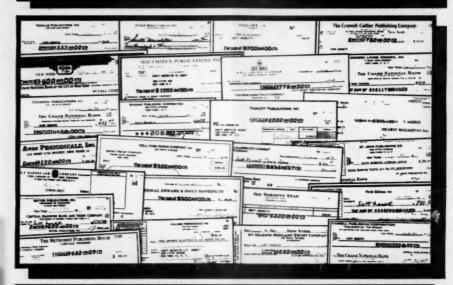
(Continued on page 23)

READING FOR FEBRUARY

Mostly Personal	_cove
A Poet's Freedom for What?	
Robert Francis	
Keep It Simple	
Ben Finge., Jr.	
Small Fry Verse	
Eleanor Dennis	
The What-Not-to-Do-Story	
Catharine Barrett	
Poems	
R. T. Liynhart, Thelma Ireland	
Poems	1
Winifred Lewis, Burge Buzzelle	
Advising the Beginner	13
Alan Swallow	
The First \$1,000	1
Richard F. Armknecht	
Annual Verse Market List	1
Juvenile Market List	1
What the Editors Want Now	2
Prize Contests	2
As You Were Saying	29

AUTHOR & JOURNALIST, published monthly at 839 Pearl Street, Boulder, Colorado; Author & Journalist Publishing Co., Inc. Editorial address: Denver 10, Colorado. Editor: Alan Swallow. Managing Editor: Horace Critchlow. Business Manager: Raymond B. Johnson. Associate Editor: Lura Elliott. Make-up Editor: J. K. Emery. Entered as second-class matter, May 5, 1948, at the Post Office at Boulder, Colorado, under the act of March 3, 1879. All rights reserved by Author & Journalist Publishing Co. Printed in the U.S.A. Founded, 1916, by Willard E. Hawkins. SUBSCRIPTION RATES: \$2 per year, in advance; Canada and Foreign, \$2.50. Single copies, 25c. Advertising rates furnished on

We sell to all good markets...



We'd like to sell them your material!

SERVICE: If your material is salable, we'll sell it to the best possible markets at best possible rates, and cover sale of additional rights throughout the world. If your material is unsalable as it stands but can be repaired, we'll give you detail-by-detail advice on how to repair it, so that you may, without additional charge, return it to us for sale. And if your material is completely unsalable, we'll tell you why, and give you specific advice on how to avoid those errors in future material. We report within two weeks.

TERMS: PROFESSIONALS: If you are selling fiction or articles regularly to national magazines, or have sold a book to a major publisher within the past year, we'll be happy to discuss handling your output on straight commission basis of 10% on all American sales, 15% on Canadian sales, and 20% on British and other foreign sales.

NEWCOMERS: As recompense for working with beginners or newer writers until you begin to earn veur keep through sales, our fee, payable with material sent, is five dollars per script for scripts up to 5,000 words, one dollar per thousand words for additional thousands and final fraction (for example, even dollars for a script of 6,895 words). \$25 for books of all lengths; information on terms for other types of material upon request. We drop all fees after we make several sales for new clients. A stamped, self-addressed envelope, please, with all manuscripts.

Scott Meredith Literary Agency, 580 Fifth Avenue, N.Y. 19, N.Y.

Comment on Scott Meredith's best-selling book, WRITING TO SELL:

". . . exceedingly practical . . . full of professional information which should be of value to every writer, novice or experienced seller . . ."

-Pasadena (Calif.) Star-Times

Order your copy from your local bookseller, or directly from the publishers, Harper and Brothers, 49 E. 33rd St., New York 16, N. Y. \$2.75.

A Poet's Freedom

for WHAT?

It would be hard to think of anyone freer than the modern poet. In an age when political man feels circumscribed, often frustrated, and at the mercy of vast impersonal forces, and when the citizen of even "free countries" finds some of his historic liberties seeping away, the poet as poet, here in America, at least, is eminently free.

He is free to write any kind of poetry he pleases. No government or party in power has ever told him what kind of poetry to write; and except for libel and obscenity, no law tells him what not to write. In addition to complete freedom from government interference, he now enjoys a large literary freedom. Rules and regulations for the writing of poetry of course exist, but no poet is bound by them unless he wants to be. Some of the poets most acclaimed today are those who have been most iconclastic. Indeed, the way to fame in recent years has been paved with broken rules—a sort of flagstone path.

For any poet writing today not to know how

For any poet writing today not to know how great a freedom he has would be a pity. A pity if he thought he had to stay in somebody's back yard when he was at liberty to play anywhere and everywhere outside. But an equal pity it would be if he thought his freedom solved his problems and made life easy. The more freedom, the more choices, the more responsibility. If poets are free to do (or try to do) anything they

please, what should they please?

Breaking rules for the sake of breaking rules was a kind of sport not long ago, like the tencent privilege of throwing a baseball at a shelf of cheap crockery in some amusement park. A good deal of crockery was broken. It was more than a sport, though, for it was important to test what rules could be broken without damage to the poetry, could be broken sometimes to the improvement of the poetry. Breaking rules is no longer quite so much fun as it used to be, now that so many rules are known to be breakable. And I do not want to imply that the best poets ever did it from purely sporting motives.

The beauty of our freedom is not that we may run wild, but that we may discipline ourselves. If we choose to abandon old formalities, then the need is all the greater for us to find our own forms. But that word "form" needs ex-

plaining.

Sometimes "form" is synonymous with "shape." The form or shape of a brick results from its having been poured into a mould. Not so with living things. A tree does not get its shape by having been poured into its bark, nor does a cat get its shape by having been poured into its skin. The shape of a living thing is the outermost manifestation of its entire inner organiza-

tion. The shape of a cat is determined by the way everything in the cat is put together: bones,

muscles, flesh, nerves, functions, desires, purposes. Now a poem is, or should be, like a cat rather than like a brick, its form being determined by the wav everything in the poem is put together: syllables, words, lines, sentences, stanzas, feelings, moods, thoughts, images, metaphors, tones, overtones. The richer the interrelations among all these ingredients, the better the poem. To suppose that the metrical pattern or the shape of the poem on the page is the form is to treat a poem as if it were a brick. Or like supposing that the form of the cat is determined by its skin.

If you start with a prescribed pattern, such as the sonnet, it is pretty hard not to make your poem a poured-into-the-mould poem. Of course, it may be a beautiful mould. It may be a lovely

brick.

On the other hand, if you start with nothing prescribed at all, your poem is free (theoretically at least) to grow from the inside out (like a cat or a tree), free to organize itself spontaneously and completely. Since rich organization is what we want, the more freedom we have to achieve it, the better. But in practice freedom does not remain pure. As soon as a poem starts to be written, it sets itself a precedent to follow. Having written his first stanza or even his first line, the poet feels a strong inclination to follow in his own footsteps. He is no longer an absolutely free agent.

Perhaps we might put it this way. A poet should approach his poem as free and uncommitted as possible. But this general and vague freedom should transform itself, while the poem is coming into being, into a freedom to give up part of its freedom, into a freedom to form committments within the poem. The finished poem may turn out to be as strictly disciplined as one written slavishly according to rule of rhetoric; but the discipline is self-discipline, not discipline

imposed from without.

Does anyone ask why a poem needs to be disciplined? Ask why a cat needs to be organized

and not thrown together haphazard.

If the fashion a few years ago was to break rules and run wild, the fashion today is to return to discipline. But it is not just a return to old rules. It is not the Prodigal Son coming home and deciding to be a good boy. If a capable poet today uses meter, rhyme, stanza structure, and the conventional usages of English, he does it not because he is duty-bound to the past, but because he has proved to himself that these devices serve his purpose. He is still free.

It is like our freedom to go in and out of our houses, day or night, whenever we wish. There is no curfew law to keep us in. Yet most of us stay indoors a considerable part of the time and do not feel unduly circumscribed in so doing. Even the sonnet, by the grace of God, can be an organic work of art and not an imprison-

ing shell.

Whoever appreciates the difficulty and delicacy of the poet's work will understand why he needs all the freedom there is. When he writes a poem he is involved in many contending impulses out of which he must establish some sort of peace. I shall mention three such conflicts.

(1) He must somehow reconcile his opposing needs of being secret and public at the same time. For while he is composing his poem he is exploring his own mind (a necessarily solitary act) and at the same time trying to communicate the results of that exploration (an essentially social act). (2) There is also the old war of spirit against flesh, of mind against body, of ideal against the actual. Whatever point of view the poet may consciously hold in this philosophic debate, his poem must demonstrate both sides. Sense impressions, imagery, and metaphor must express, not clash with, idea and ideal. (3) And there is the eternal tussle between freedom and form, about which we have been talking in this essay. In the very structure of the poem, if it is to be a true poem, there must be at least a truce to this tussle-a free form or a formed freedom.

To succeed in such a task, a poet needs to be completely free to discipline his poem (and himself), helped, but not controlled, by the examples of his predecessors and contemporaries.

Discipline without freedom, freedom without discipline, freedom and discipline united—these are the possibilities. Perhaps a poet normally goes through the first and second stage to reach the third. (1) He begins by obeying rules because they are rules. (2) He rebels against all rules. (3) He makes his own rules. Or better say, he lets each poem make its own.

At the beginning I spoke of two kinds of freedom for the poet: freedom from government interference, and freedom from literary rules externally imposed. I have been talking mostly about this second freedom. I see no immediate danger of its being lost. The danger is rather that it may not be fully and intelligently understood and employed. But that other freedom, freedom from the censor, is one that even now may be endangered.

For if Hiawatha in his role as peace-maker among the Indian tribes is now regarded by Hollywood as a subversive character in American history and legend, then may not the gentle Longfellow himself come to be regarded as subversive poet? And if Longfellow, why not you and I? It may soon come to the attention of Congress and its various vigilant committees that poets, all poets, are potentially dangerous people.

I am not being facetious when I say that the time may be at hand when the government will instruct poets not to write certain things. And later go on to instruct them more specifically

what to write.

If that day ever comes, all freedoms will go down together. For of what value will it be that a poet is free to write in meter or not in meter if he is not free to say what he thinks and feels?

Today-thank God-we are still free to write any kind of poetry we please, and to get it published if we can. That freedom points to one opportunity and one obligation: to write the best poetry possible.

KEEP IT SIMPLE

BEN FINGER, JR.

Short and simple treatment of a big subject doesn't have to be sketchy. The secret is to cover a few key points with reasonable thoroughness instead of trying to crowd a quart into a sint.

Select! It surprises me, when I go through my file, to compare my bulky first-drafts with the quickly-readable manuscripts which have finally brought checks from Modern Mechanix, Everyday Science and Mechanics, Good Business, and

others.

I sacrificed no substance when I boiled down "A Triumph of Faith" to 500 words for that fascinating magazine of yesterday, Psychology. "Mercy Killing Is Murder," which I placed in Judy's a few years ago, runs only 800 words. The fact that it conveys my stand so briefly is probably one reason why the Australian Digest of Digests chose to reprint it.

My "Education Versus Communism" in Trained

Men is as long as the average article, but a five foot shelf of books could not fully cover the educative mission that rests on our 57 varieties of experts. Therefore I've been content to stick to the broad outlines, with emphasis on the role of the press—what I know most about. My "Classroom — Texas Style," also in the International Correspondence Schools bimonthly, hinges the training activities of a 1,500-acre plant on just 20 representative men. In the same magazine has appeared my "Texas Dynamo," which presents the South's biggest company of its type through a character study of its enterprising founder.

"Closing It!," one of five articles which Specialty Salesman Magazine recently bought in a batch, reduces the most important step in selling to a dozen key points. Writers as well as direct salesmen need the counsel therein given:

"Don't talk yourself out of a sale."

SMALL FRY VERSE



ELEANOR DENNIS

Have you ever tried writing poetry for children? Writing it with them is more fun and also better pay. Get down on the floor with some small fry. Talk with them and find out what they're interested in. Try writing little poems based on their reactions to the things they like to do and see. Listen to what they like to talk about, then write about the same things.

Children are fascinated by loud noises and odd sounds. Give your poems sound appeal, too. Most children like to ride ponies. Don't just talk about riding ponies. Climb up on the pony's back and ride, with both the rhythm and the sound of the words going to work for you.

"Clickity clack, clickity clack! Away goes my pony with me on his back."

What child isn't fascinated by a parade? First make some paper hats, get a drum and some flags, then fall in line and parade.

"Oh clear the streets for here we come! Drummity, drummity, drummity, drum!!!!!" Can't you both see and hear them coming?

Starting back to school is fun. At least for the first day. Get into the mood of it and skip along to school with them.

"Hippity hippity hip hoorray! We're hippity hopping to school today."

Sometimes there just doesn't seem to be an adequate word to describe the looks, feel, sound or smell of what you want to express. A little boy elatedly wading barefoot in the puddles after a rain saws:

"I like to feel the slippery ooze, And hear the water squish and squooze."

Then there was the cooky man Grandma made. He puffed up so much it was silly to think that he could run away like that other cooky man did. Why this cooky man was so big and fat and round he couldn't even "wriggle."

Children's verse doesn't always have to make sense. Children like nonsense verse too. Often with a chant-like quality.

> "We're singing in the rain. We don't know what about. Singing 'cause we like to sing As loud as we can shout."

A child's world is full of awe-inspiring things. So often he is startled by and fearful of things which cause the grown-up no concern at all. Children love it, though, if you treat the things which secretly fill them with awe, in a very matter-of-fact manner. They like pretend poems in which they're doing all kinds of daring and grown-up things in a very casual manner. A boy is playing with his toy tug-boat in the bath tub. but listen to him:

"A boat's ashore off Catfish Bay, Just in from Zanzibar, they say. I'm off to the rescue with my tug. Chuggity, chuggity, chuggity, chug!"

Another little boy, seeing mysterious tracks in the snow, decides to investigate:

"I'm curious as I can be.
I'll track them here and there,
And see what made them if I can,
It's likely not a bear."

A little boy with sea-faring ancestors gathered up some boards and nails and "hammered" himself a little boat, then decided to pack a lunch and sail away to sea. But he says,

"I'll just be gone a day or two
And then I'll hurry back,
So Friday night don't lock the door,
Just leave it on a crack."

Nature is a never-ending source of wonder to each new crop of youngsters. After pondering awhile about the "Sky at Night" and what makes the moon and stars stay up there, a little child declares:

"It seems so funny not to have A thing to rest on but the air."

After watching fireflies on a summer evening. a little girl puts it this way to the firefly:

"You've no oil or gas to burn And no flashlight thing to turn. Tell me, little firefly, bright, Where you get your lovely light."

The subject material for children's poems is endless. For still more variety, put your reader in the place of his animal friends occasionally and shift his viewpoint. A little boy laughs and laughs at the funny long neck on a giraffe, then shifting his viewpoint, says:

"But then he's probably laughing pecks Because we have such little necks."

Special holidays have recognition in most children's magazines. A lot of it seems trite to grown-ups, but holidays are something special to children and their enthusiasm for them is high. Get right into the spirit of the occasion with them. As for Hallowe'en:

"Dim spooky shadows go slithering by As black bats and witches go riding the sky."

As the unknown is best presented by way of the known, so too one can take a well known subject and apply it to something quite different from that with which it is usually associated. Even in this "cake-mix" age most children have watched a flour sifter sifting flour. A little child, watching snowflakes floating down from the sky, says:

"The sky is sifting snowflakes down."

Or on seeing the ground covered with apple blossoms, says:

"I think that apple blossom snow Is such a lovely sight."

Twist endings or surprise endings appeal as much to small fry as to grown-ups. Two little girls, much concerned with making pies in just the right manner, eagerly wait for Daddy to come home from work so they can show him what good bakers they are. The poem ends:

"He always says, "Ummmm! What a treat! Your mud pies sure are hard to beat."

A little girl describes the fun of trying to blow the biggest soap bubble, then ends with: "Right when I think I've won the race

The bubble splashes in my face."
Juvenile Greeting Card verses and Seat Work
hymes are other outlets for children's verse. If
you happen to be a teacher either in the schools
or in Sunday School, the various entertainments
which come up with little or no material for
their use are very potent motivations for special
entertainment exercises. Don't think for a minute
that's an easy way to make money, but if, out of
sheer desperation, you've sweat blood working
out these little exercises, there is a market for
them. Entertainment houses buy them, as do
Sunday School and day school journals.

The Instructor, Junior Arts and Activities, Grade Teacher, American Childhood, Junior Catholic Messenger, Children's Activities, Highlights for Children, Eldridge Entertainment House, Rust Craft, and Greetings, Inc., as well as many Sunday School periodicals of various denominations, have been the chief purchasers of my output in children's verse. The checks don't add up to too staggering a sum, but perhaps some day some reputable publisher will be impressed by these sales to the extent that he'll venture a slim little book of my children's poems replete with illustrations which, in a lot of respects, would be better than some fatter checks, I keep telling myself.

Anyway, it's fun writing short little children's poems, and it's easy. \$2.50 for four lines jotted down in as many minutes or less, isn't bad. The only bad thing about it is that it takes so many of them to add up to any very appreciable sum. But a sale is a sale, and a check a check, and far be it from me to belittle the least of them. If you like children and like to write poetry, try writing some for small fry. It's fun, and you can make it pay.

make it p

THE

What-Not-To-Do

STORY

CATHARINE BARRETT

There is one type of story that is extremely difficult to analyze structurally. This is the story that makes a strong thematic point by indirection. It is the story that sets forth its moral by showing "what not to do," or the tragic result of a certain undesirable line of behavior.

Often such a story depicts a small comparatively inconsequential happening, and achieves its high degree of poignancy or intensity through the unexpectedly important effect of the happening, the revelation of the deep underlying emotions involved.

The key to this type of story is in the author's intent. He may merely be concerned with the

dramatic contrast between the powerful emotion of the below-surface story and the trivial surface happening. Or he may be activated by moral purpose: to show hidden forces behind apparently insignificant circumstances, hoping, through the revelation of the true nature of this one small situation, to open the eyes of his readers to the need to go below the surface of incident to possible reactions or effects below. He says, in effect: Here is a minor incident that has unexpectedly great effect upon the person or persons involved. And, in the case of such stories in which thoughtlessness or lack of perceptiveness has caused suffering to the person

about whom he writes, he is saying to his reader: Beware that you do not err in this way; here danger lies; this is "what not to do."

These are usually extremely sensitive, touching stories, thoughtfully written and requiring a writer's highest skill; and they are thought-provoking to the reader. It is usually in the quality or literary magazine that one finds this type of story, and many make their way into anthologies. The commercial magazines are not inclined favorably toward them, terming them "grim," "depressing," or "too stiff a dose." However they are usually among the favorite stories of their authors! And so, despite their slim chance of monetary reward, they will probably continue to be written. So long, then, as we are going to write them, we might as well analyze and understand their form so that we may make them as clear and as structurally sound as possible.

In form they differ from the usual patterned

In form they differ from the usual patterned story in this way: Ordinarily the Climax of a story is its high point, its moment of greatest emotional pitch and dramatic intensity. In this particular type of story, however, the Climax is merely the highest point of that happening which the author uses to demonstrate the "moral." The Climax is not of itself important emotionally; it merely leads to or causes the story's high point. In the terminology of story-structure analysis, this powerful part of the story is the Outcome or the

Result of the Climax.

Let us consider an example of this type of story so the explanation will be simpler. Take, for instance, the Katherine Mansfield story, Miss Brill. It is the story of a little old spinster whose choicest possession was a fur neckpiece. It had seen better days on the day KM chose to write about, but to the spinster it was still the one thing she owned which lent her distinction. A young couple jeer at the seedy old fur. They do not intend to be unkind, are merely thoughtless, but the old lady hears them. She returns to her lonely room, puts away the fur; she will never wear it again. She has lost her only claim to distinction or social recognition. She acknowledges for the first time the shabbiness of her existence and the sense of defeat that will from now on mark her life; she has lost the spark of spirit and the humor that had sustained her.

The story would be analyzed briefly in this manner: The structural pattern applies to the incident of Miss Brill wearing the fur on this day. The crucial point is brought about when she overhears the young couple's remarks. The ephemeral crisis and climax of the incident may be expressed thus: The Crisis or Critical Question: Do the derisive remarks of the young couple affect her attitude toward her fur? The answer (the Climax) is Yes, she puts away the fur, devoid of the pleasure heretofore part of it. But there is the twist from this small incident

One full year of beatings. Slips have filled my universe! Anniversary Greetings Of not selling you a verse!

R. T. Liynhart.

to the Result, the devastating result upon the life of this little woman: she has lost the one claim she had to recognition, the one treasure she possessed which set her in any way apart from the hopeless ones with entirely barren lives.

In the emotional reaction which the reader is made to feel, there lies the moral purpose of the story, the warning: Beware that you are not careless like this, that you do not thoughtlessly rob a person of his only treasure, condemning

him to an empty existence.

A slight commercial story by Katherine Brush employs the same technique. It is the story of a small boy, son of divorced parents, who returns home from school for Christmas vacation. The parents extend themselevs to give him a good time, and though for a while it seems that they might-for his sake-effect a reconciliation, they do not. The outcome is that, on return to school, he has decided that school is a better place to spend Christmas vacation than at home with his parents. The incident that lends itself to fitting to the structural pattern reaches the Crisis with the question, Will the parents reconcile? The Climax answer is, No, they do not. The Result is the boy's reaction. The moral purpose of this little tear-jerker is definitely one of the what-not-to-do kind. Only having parents together will do; none of the extravagant entertainments mean anything when the boy does not have a home with both his parents. The moral is plain.

PET PEEVES

Thelma Ireland

There are so many things that I Would gladly do without: And most of them are editors With whom I've come to bout. There's one who sends my stories back Grease splattered. I've a hunch He is the thrifty type of man Who always takes his lunch But never any napkin tucked Among his bread and broth-So my clean script is used for one And for a tablecloth. The paper folder is a curse: He takes my nice, neat sheets And sends them back to me disguised In cute accordian pleats. The editor, ingenious chap, Who also makes me mad, Is he who uses my new scripts To save his blotting pad. And there's the reader who's A doodler, most uncouth; He sends my poems back looking like Inside a telephone booth. The fellow who offends me more, The eager, helpful type, Smears my own scripts with his ideas And tells me mine are tripe. Perhaps the greatest gripe of all, If I were frank and true, Is not how scripts return to me But just because they do.

Here is a very short story written by one of my students as an assignment. It perfectly exemplifies this particular technique. In fact, it was in checking over her very intelligent and competent structural-charting of her story that I was made aware of the need to make a special allowance for this type of tale when it came to analyzing structure.

THE BOOK by

Adeline I. Gibbs

You didn't have to have the book, it was just that the teacher said it was better if you did; and, that besides, it would make a nice addition to your library. Your library! your "library" was stolen half hours after school in the gray stone building on Manitoc street. There were plenty of books there. You couldn't keep them, but you could take as many as you wanted and the others would be there the next time. That was almost as good. Better, in a way. Nobody yelling, nobody fighting. Quiet . . . when you walked down the tall rows of books in the children's section you could feel it falling down over your shoulders like a velvet cape . . . soft . . . warm . . . covering the short coat underneath.

You were supposed to have the book when you came back from Christmas vacation. 3B would have the same number of gold stars on the board as 3A when the class learned to read it. Your sister Mary Margaret was in 3A. You knew you were the best reader in 3B. If you had the book, and learned the new words during vacation, Mary Margaret would

stop bragging.

So you told Mama you'd rather have the book than a doll, or bunny slippers, or anything. Mama said Who said you were getting a doll or bunny slippers either? and kept on feeding clothes out of the gray suds into the balky wringer. You kept at her, knowing the madder she got the harder it would be for her to forget the book. Until she hollered, If you say any more about that book you'll wish you had it in the seat of your pants! Then you quit talking and hoped.

Mary Margaret told you you might as well forget It. She said Mama told her you'd be lucky if you got a new pair of socks to take the place of the holey ones you'd have to hang up on Christmas Eve. But Mary Margaret always said things like that.

Christmas morning you felt as cold inside as out when you put your bare feet down on the linoleum, and just for a second wished there hadn't been any book to ask for-it would have been nice to think maybe there'd be the fleece-lined slippers. But you forgot your feet when you saw the book. You had a wild moment of fear that it might not be the right one. But it was.

All day Christmas you tagged Mama around the bouse. What's this word, Mama? What's this one? Mama got tired of it. "If you ask me one more question today I'll hide that book where you won't find it." You asked Mary Margaret then. But she didn't know as many of the words as you did. She'd say, "I won't tell you," but you knew she didn't

know.

The next few days were the same. Finally, over the clacking of the wringer, Mama yelled, "If you ask one more question I'll burn that book up!" clutched the book and ran into the living room. You sat down on the floor in front of the Franklin heater. You could see the book being devoured by the greedy flames inside the little isinglass window. You started reading on the next page, skipping the big words. In the middle of the page was another new one, a fascinating long word, a-d-v-e-n-t-u-r-e. It looked like it meant something wonderful . . . something new and exciting like the word itself. You had to know that one. Just that one more. So you went back to the kitchen and said, "Mama what's

this word? Just this one?"

Mama straightened up from the tub, lifting her arm to push the hair back from her face. Her arm struck the lever on the wringer. Before she could jerk her hand away the wringer shot open and hit her sharply across the knuckles. Holding her bruised fingers against her mouth she grabbed the book away from you with her other hand, and went over to the range. You ran after her, starting to cry. She lifted the stove lid and threw the book in. She said, 'Now you'll leave me alone for a while."

You didn't say anything, or cry, anymore. You went back into the other room and stood close to the hot black sides of the heater. It must have been an hour later that 'Mary Margaret came in and saw you there. She said, "What's 'a matter with you?" You didn't answer. Mama came to the door. She said, "She's mad because I threw her book in the stove. She kept on asking questions." Mary Mar-garet's eyes looked funny. She looked at you but she was talking to Mama when she said, "She didn't mean bad." You just watched them. Mary Margaret

looked away.

"You go get some kindling for the cook stove," Mama told her, and went back across the kitchen to the range. A sort of numb realization spread inside you. You went to the doorway and saw Mama reach in the stove and pull the book out of the ashes. "I knew there wasn't any fire," she said, wiping the book on her apron. She came over and handed it to you. You held out your hand and took it, but the hand with the book fell down at your side. You knew you wouldn't ask any more words. . .

Each of these stories is, as has been pointed out, a story which has little action, is actually only of a slight incident, and yet it achieves strong emotional effect.

To do a business-like structural analysis of such a story, we would set up the material this

The Basic or Background Goal is the theme; it is the author's purpose-whether he was primarily motivated by a desire to point a moral (what not to do), or whether he was concerned merely with the dramatic values in contrasting a slight surface incident with the powerful emotion of the below-surface parallel.

The Specific Goal (the goal toward which the action of any story works, and which controls,



"He believes in writing Juvenile Stories from the child's viewpoint."

therefore, the structure elements such as crisis and climax, etc.) is the conclusion of the incident. It is, to use the three stories named, (1) Miss Brill's putting away the fur, (2) the parents' final decision not to reunite, (3) the child's taking back the book without interest. The story structure, the concrete or specific action elements of the story, is contained in these foreground stories. Then the crisis and climax are enclosed in each slight story that stands out as a tangible unit against the background story of intangibles.

The Basic Goal is, as always, reached as a result of the climactic decision of the specific goal. To demonstrate: the crisis question for Miss Brill is, Will she put away the fur? The climactic answer is, Yes, she puts away the fur. The result of this action is that she resigns herself now to a barren life. Katherine Mansfield had planted so thoroughly the significance to Miss Brill of her illusion about herself, symbolized by the fur, that a simple small action carries with it the weight of significance.

Katherine Brush did not trouble to plant her meaning: instead she appended a time lapse and carried the reader on and explained her point by having the boy return to school and make the statement he'd rather stay at school than spend Christmas with his parents. This was a poorly written story, but the material could have made a good one had she bothered to work it out with any skill.

In the Adeline Gibbs story, the theme is plain, the writer's conviction that punishment can be too severe, that it can impede or destroy a child's spontaneous desire for knowledge and growth. The incident that demonstrates this is concerned entirely with the book, a book made to symbolize the child's nature and attitude and situation as well as her immediate problem-to excel in a reading competition. The opposition is established clearly, the mother, the sister, the poverty. The critical question is reached: Will the child achieve the desired excellence in the reading competition? The climax is the answer No, that she will not try any more, will ask no more questions. The child's character, her intensity and ambition, the importance of this particular achievement, are all so thoroughly planted that with the simple action of the hand falling to her side and the immediate thought that she will ask no more questions, the significance of the author's purpose comes through. The reader feels the emotional impact without appended explanation. Therefore the Outcome of the crisis is

SILENCE THE HARP?

Winifred Lewis

I have had too much of poetry and song,
This day has been transcendent, and I long
For something mortal, as your lips to touch;
The weight of dreams has pressed me overmuch.
I like to walk in stardust, but tonight
Am not inclined to scale a fancied height;
Rather to say "I love you"—once again
You're as lovely as . . . a poem! Where's my pen?

MARKET TIP

Burge Buzzelle

There's one source of income That we shouldn't miss: It's MAGAZINE FILLERS (The likes of this)

implied rather than stated. But its force is the force that makes the story significant. To recapitulate: A trivial incident is used to illustrate a thematic point. The analysis of this type of story reveals an apparently slight plot-structure for what is actually a powerful story. This is because the drama and significance lie in the background or outside structure; the whole importance of the piece is in the revelation of the deep underlying emotions or qualities which show up, under analysis, not in the major categories, but merely as the Outcome or Result of the Climax. This switch of values from the usual story where the Climax itself is held to be the high point of drama, is the identifying characteristic of the type of story we are here discussing, the what-not-to-do story.

In other words, the moral or theme is the basic goal toward which the author worked. To demonstrate this theme he used a single trivial circumstance as an illustration. The incident is the demonstrated concrete application of a moral principle, a philosophical or psychological point. The dramatic element of the story as a whole is not the action of the story, but the highly moving and poignant consequence of the action. It is dramatic in itself, and increasingly so because of the contrast between the comparative unimportance of the climax, with the significant and powerful result to which it leads.

The twist from the Climax to the unexpected and disproportionate outcome is a play upon values. To convey this convincingly one must prepare the way by planting throughout the story. It is usually implicit in the careful three-dimensional delineation of the character of the protagonist.

These stories represent the very highest aim, and usually the very highest skill of the writer. They are typical of the quality that goes to make up the sincere writer: the perception and sensitivity to see beneath the surface of appearance to the true values below.

By showing the tragic or destructive consequence of a situation or action upon his protagonist, the writer hopes to move his reader to realization of the dangers inherent in thoughtless stupid or unkind action. These stories are emotional and tragic yet they are not destructive. They are highly moralistic. They actually are warnings: Beware, danger lies here. Beware that you may not be unintentionally guilty of similar wrong. It is a call to the highest moral compunction of the reader.

And to have written one of these stories and especially to have its values recognized—gives the writer the most intense satisfaction.

ADVISING THE BEGINNER

ALAN SWALLOW

More and more articles and books on writing stress the importance of illustrative anecdotes in the magazine article. Where does one find them? Are they figments of the author's imagination or do the authors actually find them in little-known books?

After I write a disquisition on this question. I'm going to stay indoors for a while or travel only in protective groups. If I don't, someone is going to catch me alone and try to bash my head in.

Anyway, I can't answer this question without touching on some attitudes I have built up very strongly; so I might as well indicate what they are and thus provide my answer indirectly.

I view with some small alarm the growth in popularity for the "informational" type of thing so avidly called for these days in magazines, newspapers, radio programs. But the growth has been truly tremendous. Consider how many magazines have come to front sales prominence (the picture magazines, the digest magazines, the "true" magazines) which are completely nonfiction. Consider the gradual shift whereby most of the other large-circulation magazines use as much non-fiction as fiction, and frequently more non-fiction than fiction. Consider the popularity of the quiz programs on the air, or the fact that non-fiction books have been having an easier time of it, usually, than have the novels and books of stories. Consider that even the pulp magazines-for so long staunch "all-fiction" magazines-have gradually added more and more non-fiction material; so have the confession magazines.

I have never read an exact estimate-or even a confident guess-about the ratio of non-fiction to fiction in our publications. Among books, there are something like four non-fiction titles published in all classifications for every fiction title. I suspect that if one could add up all the column inches published in magazines alone (not newspapers) in a year-all magazines which offer some market for writers-he would find a proportion very similar to that for books. Our AbJ poll letters, cited in "Mostly Personal," this month, indicate that more of our readers have a predominant interest in writing fiction than in writing non-fiction. Yet the market is several times greater in quantity, surely, for non-fiction than for fiction.

With this trend has come a shift in the nature of the non-fiction piece. Nowadays much of our non-fiction writing seems to be predicated on the old adage "truth is stranger than fiction." Indeed, truth is frequently stranger than fiction, actual events are often bizarre, accidental, unexplained, even apparently meaningless. In fiction, we do expect the writer to make some pattern

of life, to put it into a story with problem and resolution, theme, meaning: events in non-fiction don't always have to have that pattern, since we nowadays seem to think that a "fact," no matter how strange or unusual, has its own obvious interest. I am sure that the number of geysers spouting in Yellowstone National Park is not a piece of information of real consequnce to most of us—except when our one-in-several-million chances comes when we can answer the telephone for a quiz radio program and perhaps win three teacups and a box of snuff.

Yet such is the stock in trade for a popular version of the magazine article. The more information we can get, the more unrelated the items are to each other the better we like it.

items are to each other, the better we like it. I have exaggerated, of course. But the nature of the non-fiction piece has changed markedly. We now speak chiefly of the "article" rather than the "essay," as one indication. I am not one to hold a candle very high for the old fashioned essay. It was often cumbersome, even tiresome. And the "personal essay" was often cute, rather than truly humorous or enlightening. But these had a function—a type of writing concerned with ideas, argument, even thought, about some possibly important topic. Nowadays we are likely to relegate non-fiction to the role of passing on bits of "information." There have been many advantages—easier reading, development of interest, for the non-fiction writer an increasing market; but possibly we have lost much, also, at least in not finding a middle ground whereby the non-fiction work could be interesting at the same time it was a challenge to our own attitudes, thinking, and development.

A part of the difficulty I personally think lies at the door of journalism and the daily paper. Journalism performs a tremendously important function for us all; yet with its modern developments, it has tended to concentrate on the unusual, the "human interest" bit, so that it seems addicted to mere information. I think that the modern magazine article, then, is largely a development from the newspaper feature article. Today, with newspaper Sunday magazines, and magazines purveying news, the mutual relationships are more and more clear.

If I am right, then I have come around to an analysis of writing the popular non-fiction article which would undoubtedly be arrived at by someone else in another way. Whatever the approach, reading some of this non-fiction would seem to indicate that a writer of the magazine article would be well advised as follows:

1. Pick something of "interest" for the article; this "interest" is likely to be very closely (Continued on page 29)

THE FIRST \$1000

RICHARD F. ARMKNECHT

I've recently done it—passed the \$1,000 milestone in poetry sales.

It took about four and onehalf years.

I can't, of course, tell you WHY I did it, but I can in a measure tell you HOW.

Born in 1901, an Annapolis graduate of 1923, still an active naval officer, I have no reasonable explanation, I expect, for my sudden burgeoning as a poet. Since Navay Academy days

I had written a few poems a year, had done (in 1937-40) book reviews for Herald Tribune Books, had written a few articles published in This Week, Etude, etc. But it was in September, 1945, that I was assigned duty at the Norfolk Naval Shipyard and came within the orbit of the strong and active Poetry Society of Virginia.

It is more than likely that I joined the group in order to enter their contests. Then it was only natural to try selling—a difficult thing, I soon found out.

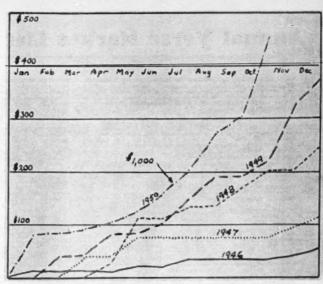
My first sale, to Shipmate, Annapolis alumni monthly, contributed \$15 toward my 1946 postage fund. I probably used most of it in selling \$56-worth of verse that year. The rejection ratio was so high that my wife suggested that contesting (we had won substantial contest prizes in 1937-40) might pay better. But I was set on becoming a poet—so that was that.

In 1946 I wrote about 50 poems. Now I complete nearer 200, with from 60 to 100 constantly in the mails. I'm also doing some fiction—a venture still in the beginning stage.

How have I achieved such production? The answer, of course, lies basically in a constant desire to write (and to sell) verse. This desire has caused me to develop an awareness of the subject-matter for poetry. From reading, conversation, work, life, come notebooks full of poetry ideas—most of which will never get written because newer ones are continually piling up. I believe that it is basic for all sorts of writing that there must be a surplus of ideas waiting to be written—or else there can be no writing suc-

But a poem is more than an idea. It is an idea worked out according to a design. And here I learned that degrees in engineering are no handicap—that "engineered" poems are generally the best.

Engineering is also my bread and butter. I'm a fulltime public works officer by day, a poet out of hours. The careers are perfectly compatible, even parallel. In engineering, the drafting design for a project may sometimes have to be



thrown out—so also with the design for a poem. But that doesn't mean that the basic idea of either is wrong. A new approach may solve either type of problem, and with poetry will frequently reach a better market than originally hoped for.

So, while I destroy many poems, I don't discard poem ideas. As soon as any poem is completed, or exists as a more-or-less complete sketch, it gets a serial number and is bound in a permanent file. There it may undergo repeated revision (I've done one more than 80 times—and it's still unsold!) or even lie dormant for months. But dormant ones have often responded to a new slant, a new start, a more inspired phrasing—with quick sale following.

I try to make revisions fast, particularly it suggested by an editor. My first Saturday Evening Post sale followed such a program. I'd had nibbles from the Post before, but it was in early 1947 that my 32-line "Brook" came backwith Peggy Dowst's notation:

Might do here, if sharply cut. The 12 lines indicated could probably be omitted and the poem patched together. Also, etc. . . .

Those twelve lines were very dear to me. I loved them, every word. They set the locale for a poem which would otherwise have been general, but the Post knew what it wanted. I realized also what I wanted—a sale. So the poem was cut otherwise revised, and along came my first Post check. In one brief lesson I had learned the professional attitude toward revision.

Not that revisions always mean sales. On several occasions I have worked on revisions for Peggy Dowst and had them re-rejected! That happened 3 times to an 8-line poem called "False Witness." Each time it was an almost—and each time the second stanza was the culprit. It was I who realized that the first stanza was complete in itself. Since the Post pays \$20 minimum, I got for 4 lines exactly what I would have for 8; and the rejected stanza, slightly recast, sold elsewhere for \$10!

(Continued on page 26)

Annual Verse Market List

Note: This annual list includes the special literary magazines, poetry journals and nerspaper columns. Peetry finds outlets among many of the merspaper columns. Peetry finds outlets among many of the make List, annual Specialist Market List, annual Bock Publishers list, and annual Trade Journal list. The poet should use those lists for additional markets.

LITERARY MAGAZINES MAKING CASH PAYMENT
A.B. (for anno Domini), 136-08 Roosevelt Ave., Flushing, N.Y.
(Q-56) Foems of spiritual interest. Payt. by arrangement.
Americas, 325 West 106 St., New York. (vis) The Catholic
American Scandinavian Berse. Query for rates.
American Scandinavian Berse.
American Scholar, The, 415 First Ave., New York 10. (Q-78)
Quality vere. \$10-425.
Atlantic Monthly, 8 Arlington St., Boston 16. (M-50) Verse
at good rates.
Commonweal, The, 386 4th Ave., New York 16. Quality verse
at good rates.
Commonweal, The, 386 4th Ave., New York 16. (M-50)
Verse at good rates on acc.
Hudson Review, 39 W. 11th St., New York (Q-81) Query
Or payment. for payment or payment. Nation, The, 30 Vescy St., New York 70. (W-20) Modern rerse of quality. 50c line, Pub. New Republic, 40 E. 49th St., New York 17. (W-19) Quality erse: payment by arrangement. New Yorker, The, 25 W. 43rd St., New York 18. (W-20) Quality light verse and serious poetry. Excellent rates. Satarday Everiew of Literature, 25 W. 45th St., New York 19. W-20) Short poems (modern). Good rates, Pub. W-20) Short poems (modern). Good rates, Pub. Tomorrow, 11 E. 44th St., New York 19. (M-50) Query or rates of payment.

Tomorrow, 11 to Title Serier, 1 West Range, Charlottesville, Va. (4 Frinia Quasterly Review, 1 West Range, Charlottesville, Va. (4 Frinia Quasterly Review, 1 West Range, Charlottesville, Va. (4 Frinia Quasterly Review, 1 West Range, Charlottesville, Va. (4 Frinia Review, 1 West Range, Charlottesv

VERSE NAGAZINES MAKING CASH PAYMENT
Contemporary Foeler, 4204 Roland Ave., Baltimore 10, Md.
May
Ary
May
Resemble 1, Gold Roland Ave., Baltimore 10, Md.
May
Resemble 1, Guariery of New Peetry, 858 Windermove
Bd., Seattle 5, Wash. (Q-30) Quality poetry, experimental
Sorm or content. \$1 per poem, Pub.; occasional awards.
Harp, The, Box 1565, Billings, Mont. (Bi-M-35) Query for
payment. Eunice Wallace. (No report for 1951.)
It Could Be Verse and Stepping Stones to Happiness, Melody
Terrace, P. O. Box 170, Bryant, Ark. (M-35) Short verse, lyrics,
sorfettes, etc. Pays by arrangement and according to value.
Sorfettes, etc. Pays by arrangement and according to value.
The state of the state of

specially. Pays min. \$1.00; also sends a complete send of the land and the land and

Meanjis Papers, Box 1871, GPO, Brisbane, Australia, 44-2/8-16. B. Christesen.

B. Christesen.

C. B. Christesen.

C. B. Christesen.

C. B. Christesen.

Harriet Monroe. All themes and lengths except poems too grade and the state of the stat

month if criticism requested; otherwise, a web. Joine Chibace
unini. 30c line.

Stanza, P. O. Box 1425, Washington, D. C. (Q-50) Publication
The National Poetry Society of America. Line limit 40
symed, musical, lyrical verse. Modest payt. Acc. Members of
d winners receive prises. Send no poems before studying
darkine. Overstocked at present and cannot promise early
staine. Overstocked at present and cannot promise early
staing of mss. Martin Steele. Cc. (No report for 1951.)

Varlegation, Rm. 549, 124 W. 4th St., Los Angeles 13. (Q-35)
se verse only. Grover I. Jacoby. 20c line.

VERSE MAGAZINES WITH VARYING AWARDS—OF NONE Also, 341 Deming Pl., Chicago 14. (Q) Chiefly experiment erse. Cc.
American Bard, The, 9141 Cimarron St., Los Angeles 47. (6) Poems of various lengths and forms "without futility, defect ulgarity, inversions, contractions." Prizes, contests, R-4 wis seriord Share.

Poems of various lengths and forms "without futility, defeat, garity, inversions, contractions." Prizes, contests, R-4 wir, after the prizes of the prizes o

Scherill. Cc.

Bit e Verse Quarterly, P. O. Box 143, San Andreas, Calif.
(Q-59) Lirrel Starling, Cc.
Bite Mesca. 3945 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C. (Q-75)
Sonnets; short narrative poems; some juvenile verse. "Quartains in anapest and dactyls as well as iambs always in demand." Russell Prize offers \$2 each for best 5 sonnets. Other prizes for heart appeal poems. In addition, \$2 is paid for the poem getting most readers' votes. Inez Sheldon Tyler. No Cc.s.
Bridge, The, Box 220b, Rt. 1, Eagle Creek, Ore. Mimographed magazine of experimental poetry. Subscription plus Cc. Olen. Coffield.

Casser, 103 Ciements Ave., Dexter, Mo. (Q-25) Timely versus Vaster.

Lyries. Awards a number of prizes, both cash and books. Elviu Waster.

Waster.

Waster.

On Provider of the State of the State of Chicago, Chicago Chicago, Chicago,

No Cc. Golden Gose, The, 1927 Northwest Blvd., Columbus 12, Ohio. (Q-59) Poetry and articles dealing with poetry. Richard Witz Emerson. Cc. Gryphes, 3742 Taraval St., San Francisco. (Q) Experimental poetry, chiefly. Cc. Hearth Sensy Journal, Forfolk, N. Y. (Q-25) Sonnets, lyrics, and seasonal verse. "Besides sound poetry, we use excell-st prose." Ruth Deltz Tooley Prizes each issue—cash and books.

and seasonal verse. "Besidee sound poetry, we use excellent prose." Ruth Deltz Tooley Prizes each Issue—cash and books. Cc.

Hippoerene, The, P. O. Box 568, Delray Beach, Fia. Revival of a former magazine. Query.

Humanist, The, 137 S. Waintt St., Yellow Springs, O. (Bi-M-Burghist, The, 137 S. Waintt St., Yellow Springs, O. (Bi-M-Burghist, The, 137 S. Waintt St., Yellow Springs, O. (Bi-M-Burghist, The) Philadelphis 43. (Q-50) Quality poems. Cc. Serious quality poems. Cc. Intering. Box 34, Parrington Hall, University of Washington, Seattle 5. (Q-50) Short stories, poetry, criticism of distinguished literary calibre. A. Wilber Stevens. Cc.

Hatro Magazine. P. O. Box 860, Grand Central Sta., New York H. Small payment indicated. Ornand central Sta., New York H. Small payment indicated. Poynetic, Wis. (M-20) Poems to 24 lines, and other material of broad appeal. R in 2 wks. Florence L. Schofield. Cc. and subs.

Kaleidegraph, A National Magazine of Poetry, C24 N. Vermont, Dallas S. (M-25) \$25 prizes each quarter besides can and subscription monthly prizes. Has annual Book Publication Contest. Valida and Whitney Montgomery. Cc. Kapustkan Magazine, The, 5013 S. Throop Ct. Chicago 9. (Chicago 9. Chicago 9. Chic

Literary Amateur, Morristown, Ind. (Q) Prizes only Mark Twain Quarterly, Webster Groves, Mo. Sonnets, lyrics; considers translations of short poems; short humorous verse; limericks. Cc. Cyril Clemens.



A Reporter reporter reported that the Reporter could use an experienced reporter.

—Sounds like double-talk, but the meaning is clear. It's clear because capital and lower-case initials are used properly.

When you refer to Coca-Cola by its friendly abbreviation, Coke, your meaning is clear only if you use a capital "C." Coke is a proper name—a synonym for Coca-Cola. And correct usage calls for the capital initial always. With a lowercase initial, the word stands for something else entirely.

Also, Coke is a registered trade-mark. Good practice requires the owner of a

trade-mark to protect it diligently. So, for this reason as well as to encourage clear usage and proper usage, we keep asking you to write Coke with a capital "C" —please.

Ask for it either way . . . both trade-marks mean the same thing.



THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

utnam.

New Verse Magazine, Box 283, Lake Millis, Wis. (Bi-M-20)

nort lyrical poems preferred. George H. Eay. Cc.

New Review, The, Box 16, Mansfield Center, Conn. New

New Virere Marasine, Box 263, Lake Mills, Wis. (Bi-M-20) New Virere Marasine, Box 26, Lake Mills, Wis. (Bi-M-20) New Derriew Common Preferred. George H. Kay. Cc.

Note Beriew Charles, Box 3604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The, Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50; \$1.75 yr.). Notebook, The Box 5604, Cleveland i. (Q-50) Notebook, The Marasine Marasin

per poets which also publishes poems. Jennie M. Zimmerman.

C. Poetry New York, 14 Avenue A., New York 9. (1rr.-50) Cc.
Poetry New York, 14 Avenue A., New York 9. (1rr.-50) Cc.
Poetry Seed, The, Greenwell Springs, La. (Q-50) Letitia S.
Wilson. Prizes only.
Guickaliver, P. O. Box 2021, Tyler, Texas. (Q-50; \$3 yr.)
Offers an annual 325 prize for the best poem in the spring, summer, fall, and winter issues. (No report for 1941) Typer of the prizes only.
Offers an annual 325 prize for the best poem in the spring, summer, fall, and winter issues. (No report for 1941) Typer of torm, of verse that, and the prizes. Contests unsalty apontored by readers. Cc. Accepting nothing over 24 11, at present.
Befort, Bearville, N. Y. (Q-25) Serious poems, stories, essays.
Dachine Rainer, Holley Cantine. Cc.
Scienitar and Seng, 117-A Church. Charleston, S. C. (M-35)
Baliada, sonnets, lyrics, narrative poems, timely verse, Juvenile
verse. Lura Thomas McNair. Editor's prize each month of the prizes.
Securitar and Seng, 117-A Church. Charleston, S. C. (M-25)
Baliada, sonnets, lyrics, narrative poems, timely verse, Juvenile
verse. Lura Thomas McNair. Editor's prize each month of the prize of t

per's Eye, 374 Bleeker St., New York 14. (Q-81) Excellent for experimental verse. Ruth Stephan. (Suspended, but al indicated.) sliks, Esperance, N. Y. (Q-25c) Good lyrics, any length; to 3000. R-after 2 wks. Fred Lape. ices, 129 E. 74th St., New York. (Q) Established 1921. 270 and traditional poetry; high standards. Harold Vinal.

beform and traditional poetry; high standards. Handle be payt.

Wake, 18 E. 198th St., New York. (2-times-yr-\$1) Poems of sality on any thene. Seymour Lawrence. Cc.

Wildfire Magasine, 1435 2nd Ave., Dallas 10, Texas. (Bi-M-35) hort poems preferred. Paul Heard.

Winged Word, The, 10 Mason St., Brunswick, Me. (Q-50) seks 'best of its genre' no restrictions as to form. When saliable, one long poem in each issue. For Autumn issues, before the present of the series of the serie

39942956666666999999999666666666 PROFITABLE SALES FOR WRITERS

We can help you sell your stories, books, plays, articles and poems to top-paying publications; radio, movie and television studies. quality manuscript appraisal and editing-

We specialize in beginners.
AUTHORS' AND PUBLISHERS' SERVICE 24-25 77th Street, Dept. AJ, Jackson Heights, N. Y.

Wings, Box 332, Mill Valley, Calif. (Q-35) Ballads, sonnets, rics, narrative poems, timely verse; to 60 lines, with prefer-nce for shorter ones. No experimental or unintelligible odditics. tanton A. Coblentz. Prizes, Acc. Cc.

LITERARY MAGAZINES SPONSORED BY UNIVERSITIES BUT OPEN TO OUTSIDERS; SOME REGIONAL PUBLICATIONS Accent, 102 University Sta., Urbana, III. (Sample copy, 30; 31 97;. 41.75 2 yrs.) High literary quality, preferably modern in form and tone. Keker Quinn. Nominal payl. (No report for 1861.) Query Hirst. Anticch Review, Yellow Springs, O. (Q) Few poems each year.

Anison keview, Yeilov Springs, O. (4) Few poems each year.
Arisona Quarierity, U. of Ariz., Tucson, Ariz. (Q-50) Quality
man of any type, Cc.

Big Laurel Leaves, Big Laurel College, Big Laurel, Va. (Q)
Verse of any length, James T. Adams. Payl. by arrangement.
Espech, 252 Goldwin Smith Hall, Cornell University, Thace,
N. Y. (Q-60) Quality poema. Cc.
Furlesso, Carleton College, Northfield, Minn. (Q-50) Serious
poetry on any theme. 512 per page, Pub. Usually one poetry
context per year with prize of \$100.

John O. Edison. 25c per line.
Kenyon Review, Gambier, O. (Q-75).
New England Review, Box 316, Storrs, Conn. (Q) Quality
Verse. Cc.

New Angiasa Everew, 1805 316, 1801rs, Colin. (Q) Quality New Angiasa Everew, 1805 316, 1801rs, 1801rs,

talent. T. Weiss. Annual prize for best poem published; Cc plus sub.

Sewance Review, The, University of the South, Sewance, Tent (34 yr.; 8-50, 2 yrs.) High quality erres; distinguished contributors. J. E. Paimer. Good rates, Pub.

Southwest Review, The, Southern Methodist University, Dallas 5. (Q-30; \$2 yr.-2 yrs., \$3.50) Small amount of poetry. "No definite limit on types of poetry desired. Decisions made on quality regardless of form." Allen Maxwell. \$3 poem, Pub.

Daiversity of Ransas City Review, The, 51st and Rockhill Rd., Ransas Connets, Mr. (Q) 8 to 10 pages — within 1 mo. Clarence R. Decker. Cc.

Western Humanities Review, Univ. of Utah, Sait Lake City 1. (Q-50) Cc.

Western Review, The, State University of Iowa, Iowa City. (Gromerly Recky Menutain Beview.) Prospective contributors should study a copy first. Fiction, verse, literary criticism Ray B. Weet, Jr., Ed.; Paul Engle, Advisory Ed. Payment, \$3 ps. prose, \$6, verse.

PRIZE CONTESTS AND POETRY AWARDS

Dramatists' Alliance, Box 200 Z., Stanford Univ., Calif. 3 wards in dramatic writing. 1950-51 contest closes March 25,

awards in dramatic writing. 1950-51 contest closes March 25, 1951.

Deableday & Ce., Inc., 18 W. 44th St., New York 20. George Washington Carver Memorial Award, \$2500 (\$1500 outright, \$1000 as advance against royalties), for fiction, non-liction, or poetry which illuminates the Negro of the first state of the control of

SELL IN THREE MONTHS OR MONEY BACK

IF YOU CAN WRITE CORRECT ENGLISH ---YOU CAN WRITE JUVENILES . . . AND SELL WITHIN THREE MONTHS.

In past years I have sold some 3000-3500 stories . . . articles . . . serials . . . scries. Now I'm teaching it.

ALSO CRITICISM AND COLI dORATION Write for Terms and FREE pamphlet "Fundamentals of Juvenile. Writing" Juvenile Books Manuscript Criticism a Specialty

WILL HERMAN

Room 328

7616 Euclid Ave. Cleveland 3, Ohio %aaaaaaaaaaaaa**aaaaaaaaaaa**aaaaa Second, \$10; Third, \$5. Complete information from Mrs.

Poetry Society of Virginia, c/o Paul C. Whitney, 1306 Rock-ridge Ave., Norfolk, Va. Various prizes. For Contest Rules write Capt. Whitney President of the Society is Barbara Whit-

Especially the second of the s

Aurora Advocate, Aurora, Colo. Poems not more than 20 lines for "Life in Vere" column. Ray Austin. \$1. Beatine Pest, The, Boston, Mass. Joe Harrington column. them. No payt. Charleston News and Contributed verse, short, with timely, cheerful Charleston News and Contributed verse, short, with timely, cheerful

Beston Pest, The Boston, Mass. Joe Harrington's column. "All Borts," uses contributed verse, short, with timely, cheerful theme. No payt.

Charleston News and Courier, The, Charleston, S. C. "Poetry Pog All," each Sunday, Sonnets, lyrics, luvenile, and timely werse: short poems preferred. Miss Agnes L. Boinest. No payt. Cc. if return envelope enclosed.

Chiesge Tribaire. The, Chicago, Ill. "Line o' Type" column Chiesge Tribaire. The, Chicago, Ill. "Line o' Type" column No payt. Cc. if return envelope enclosed.

Chiesge Tribaire. The, Chicago, Ill. "Line o' Type" column Wake of the News," column uses a few more. Charles Collins. No payt. Cc. or request.

Christian Science Menitor, The, 1 Norway St., Boston 15. Uses poems of high quality in several departments. Poets shou'd study paper before offering verse. Good rates.

Denver Post, The (Sunday Empire Magazine (W-15) Poetry Forum, 20 line maximum, \$1.50, Henry Bunger Inst-line limerick Chieffer Post, The (Sunday Empire Magazine) Linst-line limerick Chieffer St., Poetrolt, Mich. "Random Shote" column. 2 poems daily. Ballads, lyrics, timely verse. Prefers humorous themes. Limit 30 lines. Clippings if return envelope is enclosed.

Elmer C. Adams. No payt.

Indianapolis News, The, Indianapolis, Ind. "Hoosier Hontspun" column. 16-line verse, or less. Tom S. Eirod. No payt. Indianapolis News, The, Indianapolis Poetry Corner on Ransas try if return envelope is enclosed.

Kansas try if return envelope is enclosed.

Kansas try if return envelope is enclosed.

The woman's page pays moderate rates for the few lirst-class poems it uses. No "pots and pans" verses. Cc.

New York Herald Tribune, 230 W. 41st St., New York 18.

GHOSTING - COLLABORATION

If you want to learn the technique of fiction writing in a manner you've never dreamed, write, NOW, to C. C. Wagoner at 1616 E. 4th St., Tucson, Ariz., and ask for particulars.

YOUR MANUSCRIPT

Edited for spelling, punctuation, compounding, rear rangement of awkward phispes, etc., and typed or good bond with one carbon. \$1.00 per thousand words Extensive revision and rewriting by arrangement

R. K. SHIPLEY 2979 Frankford Avenue Philadelphia 34, Pa. \$000000000000000000000000000

LET US HELP YOU SELL YOUR POEMS!

Our constructive criticism will point out the flaws which shout "No Sale!" 1, 2, or 3 poems (bax. 50 lines) \$1 plus s.a.e.

WE INVITE YOUR TRIAL ORDER

THE POETRY CLINIC

P.O. Box 352 Roseburg, Oregon

Here's How Palmer **Students Are Doing**

How Does Your Own Success Compare With These?



Post Writer Praises Palmer "Be assured that my sale of a story to Saturday Evening Post will make no difference in my attitude toward studying your course - except, if possible, to make me work harder. I have already benefited from the Palmer course."- J. Gra-

New Writer Succeeds

ham Doar, Gearhart, Ore.

'After only six lessons I sold my first article, then re-wrote it and sold it to another publication, and recently adapted it for a third. Thanks to Palmer for help and encouragement." - E. N. Halburnt, Knoxville, Tenn.



Can't Keep Up With Sales

I had never written a line before starting the Palmer course, yet started to market my articles after the first lessons. Now I can't write fast enough to keep up with sales of my articles." - Hugh G. Jac man, Montreal.

FREE Lesson Shows How You Learn at Home

you can see for yourself how interesting, how he'pful ir Training may be to you, we make this generous free to send you:

e lesson of our proven home-study course, with writing assignments showing how you "learn actual (C)

actual writing assignments anowing now you searn edoing: typical answers showing how professional writers actually do the work: Illustrated 40 page book "The Art of Writing Sa'abis Stories" describing opportunities for writers: details of our complete instruction by our staff of your complete instruction by our staff of a complete instruction of the staff of the staf (D)

Palmer Institute of Authorship



Established 1917

Member, National Home Study Council 1680 N. Sycamore, Desk G-21

Hollywood 28. California

-	~~~~~	~~~~	~~~	~~~
REE	Polmer In		Author	ship
II be be	1680 N. S	ycamore	0-84	

Please send me free sample lesson and book, "The Art of Writing Salable Stories," explaining the unique teatures of your training. This request is confidential and no salesman will call.	h
Mr.)	
Mice 1	

Mrs.) Miss)		
Miss)		
Address	*****	
		PA-A-

Please print clearly. Veterans: check here

Pays up to \$10 daily ed, page poem, on Pub. Short, topical, light or serious. R-within week. "This Week" also uses an occasional open serious and the serious

^^^^^^ "Your lesson in cutting and revising taught me more than any other single experience I have had in writing," says Ruth Anne Korey to

ADELE M. RIES

7338 W. Everell Ave.

Chicago 31, III.

Her manuscript criticism and coaching juvenile fic-tion writing by mail is used by beginners and pro-fessionals. Write today for details. ********************

*********** GAG WRITERS, CARTOONISTS, EMCEES, DISC JOCKEYS, SHOULD READ MAKING IT FUNNY by

HARRY WILLIAM PYLE Seven thousand words of informative player plus one hundred and eleven pointed paragraphs. Written by a selling gag writer. Send One Dollar for your copy. HARRY WILLIAM PYLE

22A No. Angelus St. 0000000000000000000000000

REMEMBER THE NAME

Brary Typist NEEDS the new

SENTINEL PAGE-GAGE! (3 colors)

Warns of approach or bottom of page. Eliminates sloping or "off the page" las "ines Foolproof: Saves re-typing. Easily attached to STA-NOARD machines (NOT portables).

Price 25c—prepoid.

WILL!AM R. LAKE

1650 Metropolitan Avenue

New York 62, N. Y.

POETS: Send self-addressed stamped enve-lope for PRIZE PROGRAM. Quar-terly prizes \$25; Poetry Book Contest, etc. You will receive also description of HELP YOURSELF HANDBOOKS (\$1 each) containing 999 PLACES POEMS

KALEIDOGRAPH, A National Magazine of Poetry (Published monthly since May, 1929. 25c a copy, \$2 a year)

624 N. Vernon Ave.

Dallas 8. Texas

NOVELISTS! HERE'S YOUR BOOK! NOVELISTS! HERE'S YOUR BOOK!

Is your subject usable? Can you plot it, give it finaliness significance? Sound, detailed, practical discussions in "The Technique of the Novel" by Thomas H. Ukzell. New second edition of this authoritative work. Sent to you by return mail for Thomas thoritative work. Jens \$1.75, by the author.

THOMAS H. UZZELL

Verse" column buys 3 poems a week from Wash, residents only. No jing.es. Good technique. R-within 2 mo. E. Hartwich. Ct. (Noie: There are many other newspapers using verse, some paying for it, other using it free. Study your local or nearest thy newspapers to ascertain markets near home.

Juvenile Market

Published Every Six Months

GENERAL FIELD
BOYS AND YOUNG MEN

American Farm Youth Magasine, Jackson at Van Buren, DanVille, T.i. (M-25) Outdoor, rural, modern agricultural articles
100-1000, adventure. mystery, action short stories 1000-4036,
adventure noveleties 6000-12,000, jokes, short stories 100-300,
Robert Romack. % up, photos 50c to \$2, Pub. (Sample copy, 25).

Robert Romack. 14c up, photos 50c to \$2, Pub. (Sample copy.)
American Newspaper Bey, The, Winston-Salem 7, N. C. (a', Usea Ilmited amount of short fiction, 1900-2100, preferably, rut not required, around newspaper carrier boy characters. Hillion and the state of th

school-collegiate (18-22) age group. Jerry Tax. UC, ACC.

GIRLS

American Giri (Giri Scouls), 30 W. 48th St., New York 19 (M.-29) Giris, ages 11 to 17. Action abort stories 3000; articles, 500-2000; short-shorts, 1000; 2-6 part serials, mystery, family life, sports, advanture historical, desiling with young people. Scoular Prom. The Terns Institute, Inc.), 52 Vanderbilt Ave. Seenier From (The Terns Institute, Inc.), 52 Vanderbilt Ave. New York 17. (M.-25) Short stories to 3500 for giris 13-17 with chief characters girls in teens; dramatic, vivid, natural; 2-part stories, 5-6000, with strong medial break. Some non-fiction, 1000-2000, on subjects of interest to girls of this age. Glaire Giass. 5c up, Acc.

Seventeen (Triangle Pubs.), 488 Madison Ave., New York 22 (M.-25) Light and serious fiction from short-short to serial ength, shout (een-agers and growing-up experiences. Acc.

Thompson, Editor-in-Chief. Bryns Ivens, Fiction Editor. Good rates, Acc.

BOOK WRITERS

Let my creative re-writing of your novel or non-fiction book pave the way to success for YOU. My clients are seiling. I edit, correct, polish, revise where necessary, and present your material in its very best shape for publication. Returned to you typewritten, all ready lor the dollain \$1.25 per thousand words, carbon copy included Terms may be arranged.

EDITH M. NAILL Box 75 Gower, Missouri

FE : 게임 : EE도등등등실이당당등등면이다면이다면하다면 등등등 NON-PROFESSIONAL WRITERS



whose stories are not selling need editorial revision of their scripts. Twenty years' editorial experience qualifies me to give expert assistance with short stories and novels. I am helping other writers make sales—I can help YOU make sales!

EXTREMELY MODERATE RATES on one short story if you men-tion Author & Journalist. Special courses in Writing Short Stories —Writing for the Juvenile Mag-azines—and Writing Articles.

MAITLAND LEROY OSBORNE LITERARY CONSULTANT

Wolfeston 70, Mass.

Sub-Deb Scoop, The (Curtis Pub. Co.), Independence Sq., Philadeiphia 5. (M except Aug.-5) Light, humorous boy-gir dating relationship, good grooming articles, 750-1009, \$75.0-25; short stories, 1000-1200, girl-boy relationships, teen-age subject. to \$25; light verse, 4-10-16 lines, \$2.0-45; quizzes, 750 and

Ace Comics, 23 W. 47th St., New York. Crime synopses to Alan Sulman, romance synopses to Mrs. Rose Work. 19. Several comic magazines, including western, romance, sples, humor.

List . . .

on good grooming, personality, etc.; \$7.50-\$30; news items cerning teen-agers 150-400. Jan Weyl. Acc. Does not release. rights.

Adventure Trails for Boys and Girls. Pine Spring Ranch, Steamboat Springs, Colo. (Bi-M-10) Closed market. Helena American Junior Red Cross Journal, The, American National Red Cross Headquarters, Washington, D. C. (8 issues—15) Timely articles on life in other lands, service, better human relations, history, geography, travel, science, nature, must-goorts, 600; short stories of teen-age interest, 1300-2000. Mrs. Lois S. Johnson, Nominal rates, Acc. (First Serial magazine rights and translation rights.)

American Junior Red Cross News, 18th and E Sis., N.W., Washington 13, D. C. Stories slanted to elementary school ages, under 800 for primary renders, 600-1500 to others. Nominal pagments, Acc.

ages, under 600 for primary readers, cou-low to classes. Accom-nal payments, Acc.

Canadian Red Cress Junier, The, 95 Wellesley St., E., Toronto,

S., Ont., Canada. (M-5) Stories, 1500-2000, for 6-12 age groups,

articles of informative type 1500-2000, 10-18 age group. Photos.

Murlel Uprichard. ½ to 1e, within month.

Child Life (Child Life, Inc.), 136 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

(M-25) Short stories, 900; plays for children 4-9; articlesessays; very short humorous verse. Photos. Mrs. Anne Samson.

2. Phib.

Child Life (Child Life, Inc.), 138 Federal St., Boston, Mass. (M-25) Short stories, 900; plays for children 4-9; articles, (M-25) Short stories, 900; plays for children 4-9; articles, 30; plays for children stories, 900; plays for children St., anne Samson, 30; Pub.

Children's Activities, 1918 Wabash Ave., S., Chicago 5, (M-Sppt. through June-50) Seasonal short stories all age levels to 12; serials for children 3 through 12 (each chapter a complete episode). Frances W. Marks. 2 and up by arrangement with author. Verse, 50c a line.

128 Frances W. Marks. 2 and up by arrangement with author. Verse, 50c a line.

1800 for older children 9-13. Esther Cooper. 1c up. Acc. (Slow.) at 1800 for older children 9-13. Esther Cooper. 1c up. Acc. (Slow.) Highlights for Children, Honesdale, Pa. (M) Vivid short stories, not over 950 words with suspense to the end: some good short verse: simple things to do.; for children 2 to 12. Dr. Garro Cleveland Myers. 2c, Pub. (Overstocked.), Independence Sq. Thild of the property of

MERIDEL LE SUEUR

6 times in Best Short Stories of Year, Contributor to leading magazines, author of North Star Country, 3 well known children's books, will help you with that rejected manuscript and from the criticism you will learn the basic structure of the short story and novel. \$1 per thousand words. Box 3190, St. Paul, novel.

A LOW COST PUBLISHING SERVICE

For Authors
We print, publish and distribute your manuscripts in book and pamphlet format. Send for Bulletin 6.

THE WILLIAM-FREDERICK PRESS
Pamphlet Distributing Co., Inc.
313 West 35th St. New York 1, N. Y.

~~~~~~~<del>~~~~~~~~~~~</del>

#### ARE YOU A SELLING WRITER?

If not, my Coaching Plan will get you started. Cost low and results thrillingly satisfactory. Write for info and free tolent quiz. My book, MODERN WRITERS, now selling for \$3.00.

#### MARY KAY TENNISON

Agent & Counsellor 16604 S. Berendo Ave., Gardena, Calif.

#### >>**>>** MANUSCRIPT TYPING

First Aid to Writers ast — Accurate — Ne 50c per 1000 Words Minor Corrections One Carbon if desired Fost

MAL DE B. TABER

R. D. 3 Amsterdam, N. Y. %\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### GHOSTING - REVISION By Top Writers-Critics

We maintain a staff of High-calibre Assistants — among best in the literary field

#### HOW WE WORK WITH YOU

We read, criticize (see below) Revise all types manuscripts; que instruction. On ghosting and heavy revision you allow our writer an extra percentage of sales price, in addition to cash fee. We engage a "name" writer, thus vastly increasing prospect of a sale.

RATES for criticism: 50c per 1000 words; minimum, \$2.50 per ms. Fees for other services - revision, ghosting, etc.-based on help needed. Please write details. Est. in Hollywood 10 years.

Send for Circular

#### H. D. BALLENGER

1509 Crossroads of the World, 102-A Hollywood 28, California.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Archie Comies, Inc. (Columbia Pub'ication), 241 Church St. tew York 13. Current titles include Archie, Langa, Fep, Super-acc, S-vis. Wilber. Avon r b'ishing Co., 119 W. 57th St., New York. Advented Collect.

ohen. ter Publications, 30 E. 40th St., New York 16. Sev. titles. Write giving details before submitting. Joseph

rchiba'd.

Cass'es III-strated, 826 Broadway, New York. Condensations of classics, by assignment only. Harry M. Adler.

Comic House Greep (Lee Gleason P-b'ications), 114 E. 32nd.

L. New York 16. Western, crime, and romance comics.

Crestweed Fablishing Co., 1799 Broadway, New York. Detective, western, romance synopase. Neuin Fider.

Bell, 261 Sth Ave., New York 16. 16 current comic titles of

types. Famo's Funnies, 500 5th Ave., New York. (Bi-M-10) Cartoon strips obtained from regular sources; considers original cartoon work. Harold A. Moore. Action short stories, 1500, \$25 cac^4.

Full. Fawceti Comic Group, 67 W. 44th St., New York 18. Western adventure and romance stories to 1500. Exec.-Ed., Will Lieberson; Short Story Rd., Timmie Fullerion. 25 story, Acc. Fiction House, 130 W. 42nd St., New York 18. 6 current titles, including Fight Comics, Jumbs, Jungle, Flanet, Rangers,

Fox Comics, 60 E 42nd St., New York 17. Romance, crime, dventure, western, teen-age stories. Synopses to Henry Chap-

Harvey Comics Growp, 1860 Broadway, New York 19. Comic magazines of various types.

Hillman Feriodicals, 5:35 5th Ave., New York 17. Air, crime, western, and romance comics. Edward Cronin.

National Comics, 49 b. Lexington Ave., New York 17. Many titles of all types. Writtney Eleworth.

Quality Comics, 25 W. 45th St., New York 19. Various titles. Star Publications, 286 5th Ave., New York Romance, Juvenille.

Star Publications, 286 5th Ave., New York Romance, Juvenille.

Star Publications, 286 5th Ave., New York. Romance, Juvenille.

Leonard B. Comics of all types. Stan Lee, Ed. and Act. New York 18. Comics of all types.

l'rector.

Topix, 147 E. 6th St., St. Paul, Minn. (30 issues yearl.)

Comic magazine catering chiefly to school trade. Destrable
stories—lives of Catholic saints or herces; true stories of any
sort involving some Catholic background or twist, usually with
sort involving some Catholic background or twist, usually with
modern setting. No romance. Francis McGrade. 45 page. Acc.
Ziff-Davis Comics, 356 5th Avo., New York 17. Irving
Wesatein. Prefers consultation with writers.

RELIGIOUS PUBLICATIONS
SENIOR AGE (16 years up)
(Bey and Giri)
Bullders (Evangelical Press), 3rd & Reily Sts., Harrisburg. 

#### I'VE MADE OVER 140 SALES

Of all types and lengths for clients. Help me fill editors' requests, from short shorts to book lengths (one offering \$2,000 advance). Reading fee. \$1 per 1,000 words, first 3,000 words, 50c per 1,000 additional. Books V2 this rate. 10% on sales.

JOHN T. KIERAN

Danville, III.

#### ting and the state of the state **AUTHOR'S EDITIONS**

Have your poems, essays, etc., privately printed in attractive book form. Reasonable prices for small, fine editions

for further particulars write

CECIL L. ANDERSON

11032 McVine Ave.

Sunland, Colif.

#### TYPING SPECIALIST

Manuscripts promptly and competently typed 50c per thousand words. Pica type. White carbon free. Sonnets 10c each, other poetry 1c per line. Widely experienced printer and typist

WILLIAM C. DERRY

Lynn, Mass.

#### THE OLDEST WRITER'S SERVICE

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Established In 1913

Agnes M. Reeve, Critic and Literary Agent. Manuscripts criticized, revised, typed, marketed. Special instruction for beginners. Free Catalogue on request. Dept. J.

Franklin, Ohio

Pa. (W-\$1.75 per yr.) Short stories with clean-cut characters for yorth 18 and over, to 1500. Raymond M. Veh. \$5 a story, Acc. Release sup. rights.

Classmar's (Methodist Pub. Horse), 810 Broadway, Nashville Tenn. (W-5) Young Deop'e 15 and over. Short stories, serials articles, poews. J. Edward Lantz.

Congress (Nazaren Young People's Society), 2923 Troost Ave., Box 527. Kannas City 10. Mo. (M) Particularly interested in sood dramatic abort stories, 2000-2560 with whole-some and natural religious content: also flustrated articles with pictures spiritus, but not "preschy." Age level, late iteens and early investive of the prescription of the content of the prescription of the pr

State of the second state

about young propt; verse, mist invest, and young propt; verse, mist invest, and young Peope's Paper (Am. Sunday-School Union), 1816 Chestnut St., Phi'ade'phia 3. (W) Late teen ages. Inter-denominational feature and inspirational articles to 1500; short stories 2000; fillers 500. All articles and stories must present some phase of Bible truth. ½c, verse 50c stanza, Acc. William J.

Worth, 1505 Race St., Philadelphia 2. (Bi-W-81,25 yr.) Stories on problems and experiences of young people, 700-800; articles with youthful and newy slant, 800-1000; puzzles; cartoons; photos. Herman C. Ahrens. Jr. \$3-34 per M for articles; 25.00-83 per M for sories, Acc.
Yould (Section of Our S nday Visitor), Huntington, Ind. (W) Articles of general interest to young people 16 to 25 yrs. 700. P. A. Fink, Paul Manoski, 1c up., Pub.
P. A. Fink, Paul Manoski, 1c up., Pub. Wells St., Chicago 6, W. (M-20) Inter-denominational stanted supper high school and college ages. Articles, to 1500, personality stories of Christian young people, devotionals with anecdical handling. 34 to 1c, Acc. Ken Anderson. (Buying only fletion now, up to \$20 per story.)

INTERMEDIATE AGE (12 to 18)

(Boy)

Boy Life (Standard Pub. Co.), 20 E. Central Pkwy., Cinmati 10. (W) Boys 13 to 19. Character-building stories 1800-00); articles, miscellany, 1/3-1/2c. Acc.

Boys Today (Methodist Pub. House), 810 Broadway, Nashville,

#### FORREST CARDELL

WRITERS! Don't guess-don't waste your time and money, but let me sell your story, novel or article as I have done for my satisfied writers. My professional help and my daily trips to New York editors have made convincing sales.

Let me prove to you what I can do. My terms are reasonable. Commission: 10%. Fees: \$2 on any script up to 5,000 words and 50c per M thereafter. Reasonable terms on books. Return postage with each script please. I need stories and articles with any theme.

#### FORREST CARDELL

Literary Agent and Consultant 84-46 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven N Y 21

Tenn. (W-2) Boyz 12-15. Short stories 3500, serials 15-38,006; feature articles. Rowens Ferguson. Canadian Boy (United Church Publications), 299 Queen St., W., Toronto, Canada. (W) Teen-age boys. Short stories, serials. Catholic Boy, The, Notre Dane. Ind. (M-except July-Aug) Adventure, sports, school, mystery, historical stories for boys 11-17, to 250; articles with photos, to 1500, with boy appal; hobby and career articles; some religious articles. Cartoons and cartoon ideas. Some puzites and verse on subjects of interest to boys. 1-11;c for articles; 430 for sories; \$5 for puzz. and poems, Ace. Rev. Frank E. Gartland, C.S.C.

Canadian Girl (Girl)

Canadian Girl (Girl)

Canadian Girl (White Church Publications), 299 Queen St.

W., Toronto, Canada. (W) Teen-age girls. Short stories, serials,
verse, photos. Agnes Swinarton. ½c, Acc.
Cathelle Miss, The, 25 Groveland Ter., Minneapolis 5, Minn.
(M-except July-Aug.) Good action stories to 2500 of interest to
girls 11-17: hobby, career, general interest articles with photos
having girl sappeal; religious articles. Cartoons; cartoon ideas.
John 5 Gibbons. ½c, Acc. Co.), 20 E. Central Pkwy., Cinctinati 10, Ohio. (W) Girls 13 to 19. Character building stories,
1800-2000: articles, miscellany; 1/3-1/2c, Acc.
Girls Today (Methodist Pub. House), 810 Broadway, Nashville,
Tenn (M-2) Girls 12-15. Short stories 3500, serials 15-35,000;
feature articles. Rowens Perguson.

Girls Today (Methodist Pub. House). \$10 Eroadway, Nashville, Tenn (M-2) Ciris 12-15. Short stories 3500, seriais 15-35,000; feature articles. Rowens Perguson.

[Boy and Girl)

Priends (Otterhein Press). Dayton 2. Ohio. (W) Boys' and Girls' smora, Information in Dayton 2. Ohio. (W) Boys' and Girls' smora, Information in Dayton 2. Ohio. (W) Boys' and Girls' smora, Information in Company of the C

#### WRITE FOR THE JUVENILES

Begin at the beginning and end up selling. The most comprehensive course of its kind on the market, covering every phase of story and article writing for tots to teens. Learn the step-by-step procedure from one whose work is appearing currently in juvenile publications. Not a "fell how" but a SHOW HOW course. Personal criticism included. Write for particulars.

MARJORIE M. DAVIDSON Laceyville, Penna. P. O. Box 104

#### 400 MARKETS for FILLERS Listed in PEN MONEY

The new market quarterly for fillers, briefs and shorts of all kinds. Selling fast. 50c a copy; \$2 a year

A. D. Freese & Sons, Box A. Upland, Ind.

# **WRITERS!**

lect rejection slips? If you want to be convinced of our ability to sell, as hundreds of others have, send us now your STORY, NOVEL or ARTICLE. Our personal, efficient services, in the heart of the publishing center, have been praised for 16 years. To make it possible for you to try our services, we have reduced our fees.

Send \$2.50, minimum, with each script up to 3,000 words—and add 75c more for each additional M, if longer. Because of publishers' demands for novels, we are compelled to make another concession. Send \$4 with each novel and receive prompt sale or honest report. Commission: 10%.

Return postage should accompany MS. Fees dropped after two sales-and no fees for established writers.

# **MANUSCRIPT BUREAU**

154 Nassau Street - Tribune Bldg. New York 38, N. Y.

"The future belongs to those who prepare for it now."

#### MAREN ELWOOD

Author's representative, literary collaborator. Author of the current non-fiction best seller, CHARACTERS MAKE YOUR STORY (Houghton Mifflin,) Book-of-the-Month Club recommendation: WRITE
THE SHORT SHORT (The Writer, Inc.),
and her latest book, 111 DON'TS FOR
WRITERS, published by Gehrett-Truett-Hall.

Professional Training For Writers

Radio English Journalism
How to Study
Public Speaking
Humor & Gag Writing
Prob. of the Prof. Writ
Mystery & Detective
Advertising
Names Juvenile

(Approved tor Veterans; non-quoto Forcign Students) Established 1923

Study by mail. Studio lectures. Individual manuscript criticism . . . Personal, directed writing. For information write:

MAREN ELWOOD, Agent 4949 Hollywood Blvd. Hollywood 27, California verse, art work, photographs, pussles, fillers, 100-300, religious and out-of-door subjects. Helen F. 1emple. \$3.75 per M. and up, Acc.

JUNIOR AGE (9 to 12)

(Beys and Girls (The Otterbein Press), Dayton 2, Ohio. (W)

Junior 9 to 11. Short stories of character building value, hiscortcal, information nature, under 500; verse; photos. Edith

A. Loose. Low rates, Acc.

Children's Friend (Augsburg Pub. House—Lutheran), 425 S.

4th St., Minneapolis 15, Minn. (W) Articles, stories for ages

9-12, religious note liked; photos to illustrate, 1000. Cerald R.

Civing. 34 per M. 10th of month after Acc.

Civing. 34 per M. 10th of month after Acc.

St., Harrisburg, Pa. (W-41.20 yr.) Mss. office: Hunington,

Pa. Stories with a definite spiritual appeal, message, 1500, for

boys and girls 9-16. Seasonal material must be received 8

months in advance of publication time. Cr. E. Shuler, Assoc. Ed.

#### NEW WRITERS NEEDED

EARN UP TO \$5.00 PER HOUR, SPARE TIME EARN UP TO \$3.00 PER HOUR, \$PARE TIME

. re-writing ideas in newspapers, magazines, books.
Splendid opportunity to "break into" fascinating writing
field. May bring you up to \$5.00 per hour, spare time
Experience unnecessary—we teach you. Write for FREE details, and how to get FREE Writer's Market Guide!

COMFORT WRITER'S SERVICE

Dept. 14-N, 200 S. 7th St., St. Louis 2, Mo.

#### WRITE SONGS

Magazine For Songwriters! Vital Tips - Monthly Contest Songsharks Exposed!

#### THE SONGWRITER'S REVIEW

Sample 20c \$2 per year 1650-D Broadway, New York 19, N. Y.

#### POETRY BOOKS (cloth) \$149.50

NOVELS, 400 Sold at Retail Pays for Printing 1000.
Mailing lists on addressograph available. 10,000
Book Accounts. National publishers for 15 years.
Write us about any book.

THE STORY BOOK PRESS

We Own A Complete Plant
1435 Second Ave. Bex 7624 Dallas, Texas

#### MONDAY MORNING STIMULATORS

A market tip, an idea sparker, and a pep talk

52 a year. \$10

GEORGIA C. NICHOLAS

210 E. 22nd St.

New York 10, N. Y.

#### MANISCRIPTE APPEARING MANUSCRIPTS NEEDED

A New Publication needs material of all types. Send at once for information.

The Rejection Slip

1725 Topongo Blvd.

Topanga, Calif.



annum mannum m

**Correspondence Club** 

EXPERIENCE the thrill of romance thru this select clubl Introductions-by-letter. This club is conducted on a high plane to help lonely, refined, maringeable men and women ind compatible friends. Discreet, confidential service. Vast nationwide membership. Est. 1922... Sealed particu-lars FREE. EVAN MOORE, Box 988, Jacksoaville, Florida

Comrade (Gospel Trumpet Co.), 5th and Chestnut, Anderson Ind. (W) Ages 9 to 11. Stories of character building or religious value, 800-1500; serials 5 to 10 chapters; verse 2 to 6 stanzas. Arlene Stevens Hall. \$3 per M. Photos 50c to \$2, Pub. (Sam.)ie

value, 800-1500; serials 5 to 10 chapters, verse a to Ariene Stevens Hall, 35 per M. Photos 50 to \$2, Pub. (Sample copy, 3c.)
Explorer, The (United Church Publications), 299 Queen St., W., Toronton, Canada. (W.) Boys and girls 9 to 11. Short stories, serials, verse. Agmes Swinerton, \$10. Acc. (Acc. 130); Serials, Verse. (Acc. 130); Serials,

Acc. winor Life (Standard Pub. Co.), 20 E. Central Pkwy., Cin-nati 10, Ohio. (W) Boys and girls 9 to 12. Wholesome short ries 1200 and 1800; illustrated hobby and handicraft articles

Junior Life (Standard Fub. Co.), 20 E. Central Pkwy., Cincinnati 10, Ohio. (W) Boys and giris 9 to 12. Wholesome short stories 1200 and 1800; illustrated hobby and handicraft articles 200-300.

300-300.

4 Man Baptist Pub. Soc.), 1701 Chestnut St., Philadel-Junior Chest. (W) Boys and giris 9-12. Short stories, Christian point of view, boys and giri characters, 900-2200; serials 4-8 chapters, under 2300 words each. Educational articles 100 to 1000. Some poetry. Up to 47:50 per M, Acc.

Junise World (Christian Bd. of Pub.), 2700 Pine Blvd., St. Louis 3, Mo. (W) Children 9 to 12. Short stories up to 1500; poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 more) and 1900 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 more) and 200 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 more) and 200 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 30 lines; illustrated informative articles (state 100 poems up to 100 poems up to

#### SHORT STORY WRITING

How to write, what to write, and where to sell. Our courses in Short-Story Writing, Juvanile Writing, Article Writing, Versification and others, offer constructive criticism; frank, honest, practical advicered teaching. All courses moderately priced.

For full particulers and a sample copy of the WRITERS' MONTHLY, write teday to:

The Home Correspondence School Dept. AJ Springfield 3, Moss

#### THE DON ULSH AGENCY

123-35 82nd, KEW GARDENS 15, N. Y. REPRESENTING THE FINEST CARTOONISTS IN AMERICA

Complete service for professionals and beginners. Stamp brings detailed information. CRITICISMS - IDEAS - SALES

New York 11. (Bi-M-20) Peature articles and short stories with authoritative background of general Jewish interest, 700-2000; poetry with Jewish angle and articles; fillers. Moses H. Hoenig. 85 page, Pub.

\$5 page, Pub.
Youth's Stery Paper (American Sunday-School Union), 1816
Chestnut St., Philadelphia 3. Short stories having a very
definite Biblical and evangelical baccground and emphasis; 1200
to 1509, for late primary age, junior, and intermediate age
Sunday-School pupils; limited number of illustrated featur s
bought after querying; some serials, 4-6 parts; verse, 4-6
stanzas. with a specific spiritual note. William J. Jones. ½c.
Verse 50c stanza.

TINY TOT AGE (4 to 9)
(Boy and Girl)
Children's Friend, The (Primary Association), 40 N. Main St.,
Salt Lake City. (M-20) A monthly for boys and girls 5-12
Outstanding seasonable outdoor adventure, holiday, and wholesome action stories, conforming to Christian ideals, 800-350.
Verse, le for fletion; 25c a line for poetry, Acc. Adele 550-Verse. le re

Child's Companion, 3558 S. Jefferson Ave., St. Louis 18, Mo. Stories with photos. 500-800. (No report for 1951.)
Dew Preps (D. C. Cook Pub. Co.), Eigin, III. (W) Children to S. Short stories, 700-900; puzzles, games, and very short rticles, things to make. Features a real-life story based on unday School lesson; vocabulary and reading graded. 1e up,

Little Folks (Augusburg Pub. House—Lutheran), 425 S. 4th St, linneapolis 15, Minn. (W) Stories up to 400-450, moral, regious note, for ages 5-8; verse. Gerald R. Giving. \$4 per 1, 10th of month after Acc.

Little Learner's Paper (David C. Cook Pub Co.), Eigin, Iil. 5 or more sets of 13 weekly leaflets to one address, 8c a set er quarter). Short stories for tiny tots, 4-6, 400; pictures oloior; very simple picture pussles. Vocabulary graded; features real-life story based on Sunday School lesson. Beatrice H. Little Falks, 2445 Park Ava. Minacanalis.

Little Felks, 2445 Park Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. Religious hort stories for small children. Mrs. C. Vernon Swenson. 1c,

Our Little Messenger, 38 W. 5th St., Dayton 2, Ohio. (Wduring school year.) Short stories, 350-460, for 6-7 yr.-old; verse to 12 lines. Photos of interest to children. Miss Fauline Scheidt, 434 W. 120th St., New York. 5c up, Acc.

Pictures and Stories (Methodist Pub. House), 810 Broadway, Nashville 2, Tenn. Material to interest children 6 to 8; short stories 600-900. Mattie Luia Cooper.

Stories for Children (Gospel Trumpet Co.), 5th and Chestnut Sta., Anderson, Ind. (W-4) Children 5 to 9. Moral, character-building, religious short stories 300-500; nature, religious verse; photos of nature, children. Ariene Stevens Hall. \$3 per M, Pub. (Sample copy, 3c.)

Pub. (Sample copy, 3c.)

Steries (Presbyterian Bd. of Christian Ed.), 930 Witherspoon Bdg., Phi adelphia 7. (W) Children, 4 to 8. Character-building Bdg., Phi adelphia 7. (W) Children, 4 to 8. Character-building children, 4 to 8. Character-building bdg., Phi and the children of the chi

Storytime (Baptist Sunday School Bd.), 161 8th Ave., N.,
Nashville 3, Tenn. (W) Stories of outdoors and home life, 509-700; articles, 100-200, on missions, how-to-do, games; feature
articles with illustrations; verse, 1-3 stansas; cartoons. Approx.
3/c up, Acc. Willie Jean Stewart.

Story World (Am. Baptist Pub Soc.), 1701 Chestnut St., Philadeiphia 3. (W-2) Children under 9; short stories 500-700; simpe illustated story articles up to 400; short verse. Al unaterial must be written from a wholesome Christian point of view. Up to 875 per M, Acc.

Tell Me (Brethren Pub. House), 16-24 S. State St., Eigin, Ill. (W) Children 6 to 3, 200-600 articles, short stories, 500-806, verse. Hazel Kennedy. Low rates, Acc.
Wee Wisdom, Unity School of Christianity, Lee's Summit, Mo. (M) Not in market at present time.

### To Writers Who Have Never Made a \$ Sale and To Those Who Would \$ Like to Sell Consistently

Non-fiction course shows how and where to get the idea, how to write it, how and where to sell it. Only \$12.00.

Enroll now or write for details.

KATHERINE DISSINGER Box 1244

Avenal, Calif.

#### MANUSCRIPTS TYPED

Promptly, efficiently on good quality Bond. Minor corrections is desired. Carbon copy, extra first and last pages. Mailed flat. 50c per thousand words. Book length novels given special consideration.

JOHN C. GIBBS Union City, Tennessee 

#### MOSTLY PERSONAL

(Continued from page 3)

alist, Juvenile, Plays, Book Publishers, etc.) lags a bit behind the Handy Market list. Similarly, articles in "special" writing fields do not interest so many persons as do articles on fiction technique; yet those "special" articles and market lists are of keen importance to those of our readers interested in the special writing field.

2. What the Editors Want Now. Those scoring primary interest in the market lists will frequently score this monthly feature of market tips

as second or third choice.

3. The preferred article. Where such an article appears, the preferred article is likely to be an article on fiction technique. The four articles published during 1950 by Catharine Barrett were particularly well liked; they were the only articles which were likely to be given some small preference over the market lists.

4. My column "Advising the Beginner." Re-

#### PROMPT TYPING SERVICE

Novels, Stories, Books, Plays, Radio, Poems EDITORS appreciate and BUY readily manuscripts in correct style, with flawless spelling, punctuation and

grammar.

Excellent 20 lb. bond. Carbon copy. 30c per 1800 words.

Reenforced cavelopes and cartons used in shipping.

NOVELS beautifully tailored to present the most inviting

MARIE ADAMS St. Paul 3, Minnessta

490 Blair Avenue

YES, WE HAVE THE PLOT GENIE-

Endorsed by leading educators, used by thous of writers. Let these Specialized PLOT GENIES Endorsed by leading educators, used by incurants of writers. Let these Specialized PLOT GENIES furnish you with countless dramatic plots for the story types now in demand—Detective-Mystery, Romance, Short-Short Story, and Comedy. Write what the editors want, Get YOUR share of the aditors' checks. Send today for free descriptive literature.

J. C. SLOAN, Publisher's Agent P. O. Box 1008, Dept. A Glendale, Calif.

# WRITERS

#### WORK TO DIRECT ORDER ONLY!

Yankee Frankenstein Sensation Taxicab Tidbits This Weel \$175.00 This Week 250.00 True Detective 495.00 The Scorpion

a. I have written and sold the above articles plus 1000 others in the past 15 years to over 100

I have withing the past 15 years to over 1000 others in the past 15 years to over 1000 others and adoptines.

My students—WRITING AND SLANTING TO DIRECT ORDER ONLY—are featured today in scores of newsstarid publications.

I have developed a NEW—COMPLETELY PERSONAL—ABSOLUTELY INDIVIDUAL—Course in Arricle Writing SLANTING YOUR PERSONAL TALENTS AND INDIVIDUAL MATERIAL TO SPECIALIZED MARKETS.

No offer AS UNIQUE—AS DIFFERENT—AS PRACTICAL—FOR THE BEGINNING WRITER OR THE PROFESSIONAL—has ever before been made by a SELLING WRITER AND RECOGNIZED INSTRUCTOR.

Write for Terms and for FREE Pamphlet, "Writing To Direct Order Only."

WILL H. MURRAY

Room 328 7016 Euclid Ave.

Cleveland 3, Ohio

sponse to this column frankly surprised me. On some occasions it was preferred to either What the Editors Want Now or the first-choice article; in two months it was preferred to the "special" market list of that month.

5. Second-choice article. Second choice among the articles frequently fell to that article in each issue which was directed toward the help of

writers interested in a "special" field. 6. "Mostly Personal." Usually t Usually this regular feature vied back and forth with the secondchoice article for preference. (Note to myself: Reread carefully those editorial columns most liked; what was in them that the readers might have liked?)

7. Third-choice article.

8. Fourth-choice article.

There were trends and cross-trends, dozens of interesting matters. One personal one: When you scored interests under general classifications, such as "market lists," "market tips," "articles on fiction techniques," etc., you showed mild preference for the regular columns such as "Advis-ing the Beginner" and "Mostly Personal." Yet when a particular issue was scored, you gave them both good ratings, as indicated above. I've got to do some more thinking about that!

Anyway, the answers to our polls have been really helpful to us, thanks to your cooperation. And we want to solicit your support for continuing polls, which we will try to make better

and better for our guidance.

#### I'LL DO IT FOR YOU

Sick of rejects? I have ghost-written millions of words of stories, articles, books, for hundreds of satisfied clients. I may be able to help you see your name in print and make money on your raw material. Reasonable rates. Particulars FREE.

WILL HEIDEMAN

Jennie Jewel Drive

"SPLENDID!" Says Leading New York
Publisher of Tooker Assignment Two of My Ghosted Books Have Sold Over 10,000 Copies Now A COMPLETE SERVICE

Outstanding Ghosting; Competent, Sympathetic Revision; Creative Criticism; Sales Offer in Cooperation with New York Agents. More than Twenty Years' Experience as Magazine editor, successful free lance, critic and publisher. Author of "The Day of the Brown Horde" and numerous other books, short stories, articles, own and collaborative.

Consideration Reading \$1.00 each for short stories. Covers sales offer if salable, brief criticism, or suggestion of further work, separate fee to be arranged. Books \$5.

My technical books "Writing for a Living" (cloth 207 pages) \$2.50; "How to Publish Profitably" (paper) \$1.00; "Atomic Short Story Technique" (paper) \$1.00.

#### RICHARD TOOKER

P.O. Box 148

Phoenix, Ariz.

This issue ought to have something of interest to nearly all our readers. Catharine Barrett returns with one of her characteristically brilliant and enlightening pieces for us. And we have some interesting features lined up for Catharine for 1951-and many years to come.

"Small Fry Verse" by Eleanor Dennis, of Conneaut Lake, Pa., combines the two special interests of this issue-verse and juveniles. Her manuscript contained markings in pencil concerning each of the sample verses-whether it has sold, where, and for how much. She has sold to the markets she cities in her last paragraph.

Among the poets, Robert Francis is the author of four volumes of verse, including The Sound I Listened For, which sold two printings for Macmillan; he has published one novel of New England life, We Fly Away, and contributed nature articles and poems to many magazines.

R. F. Armknecht is a Commander in the U. S. Navy and recounts his selling experience with verse. Meridel LeSueur has earned an enviable reputation for her quality short stories as well as for her non-fiction and juvenile books; she recently became a professional critic and teacher.

#### WRITING FOR THE JUVENILES

is easy, profitable and pleasant. The largest market open to beginning writers, and the only one where you can EARN AS YOU LEARN. One of my graduates sells more than \$100 worth of stories and articles monthly. My special course of instruction in WRITING FOR THE JUVENILE MAGAZINES teaches everything it is necessary to know. Write for terms Mention Author & Journalist. MAITLAND LEROY OSBORNE

23-A Green St. Wollaston 70, Mass.

#### **GHOSTWRITER**

Over twenty years experience in mending writing for marketing. I do not tell what to do. I do it for you. Reference women's WHO'S WHO. Correspondence requires return post-

NATALIE NEWELL 2964 Aviation, A.J. Miami 33, Florida 

#### **HOW TO SECURE** COPYRIGHT \$1.00

A new book by Richard Wincor on the Law of Literary Property. It's of interest to authors, artists, composers, architects, ad men. Explains . . . step by step protection, copyright, history, public domain, legal rights, interna-tional copyright. Mail \$1.00 for paper bound edition or \$2.00 for cloth bound copy, post

OCEANA PUBLICATIONS, Dept. 700

43 West 16th St.

New York 11, N.Y.

# WHAT THE EDITORS WANT NOW

"We are now buying a greater number of short hints for car owners—new ideas or shortcuts for making repairs, keeping the car in good condition, making and installing useful accessories, anything in fact that will help the owner cut down repair and operating costs. A pencil sketch or sharp close-up photo should accompany each hint, and the text should be only as long as needed to describe the idea fully, usually not more than 100 words. Payment varies according to the length and the value of the item, but the simplest shorts usually run from five to eight dollars each." Popular Science, 353 4th Ave., New York 10.

- A&J -

"Marvel Science Stories is now digest size, and semi-slick in format as well as contents. The third issue, on sale Feb. 1, will indicate to your readers the kind of material we want to see for this magazine after its change.

"Mature, well-written stories, with good characterization and background, experimental types deftly handled, will find a ready market here.

"Our magazine does not use horror fantasy or space-opera. We use some non-fiction in the form of 'Amazing Science Adventures' – short features of the believe-it-or-not variety, about scientific personalities and discoveries. We are also featuring a controversy in each issue. While the third issues contains well-known science-fiction writers, we are looking for new writers, people we can work with and develop into the name-writers of tomorrow.

"We pay from 1c up to 3c a word, on acceptance, and try to report within 10 days. All material is new, no reprints." Daniel Keyes, Associate Editor, 350 5th Ave., New York 1.

A few notes on juvenile markets: Jan Weyl has replaced Maureen Daly as editor of Sub-Deb Scoop, Independence Sq., Philadelphia 5. Needs have not been seriously changed by the new editor, at this writing. Youth, the young people's section of Our Sunday Visitor, Huntington, Ind., no longer uses fiction, only articles of general interest to the 16-25 age group, length 700. Young Catholic Messenger, 38 W. 5th St., Dayton 2, Ohio, has discontinued its practice of paying a special bonus at certain times for short stories and serials. Instead, the regular rate for fiction has been increased by approximately 50%. The minimum for short stories is now \$75; serials have also been raised (see listing in Juvenile Markets list in this issue). United Church Youth,

formerly published in Boston under the joint sponsorship of the Congregational Christian and the Evangelical and Reformed churches, was discontinued early in 1950. Recently the Evangelical and Reformed church has undertaken a similar paper, Youth, at 1505 Race St., Philadelphia 2. Needs are indicated in the market list of this issue. Miss Erma Kelley has moved from Young People to the Ladies' Home Journal; the new editor of Young People is Robert A. Elfers, at 1703 Chestnut St., Philadelphia 3.

-AbJ-

"We syndicate various types of newspaper naterial. Especially want news articles and features, 900-1000 word short shorts, 30,000 word serials in 1000 word installments, columns, and humorous panels. Reports are out within 2 weeks. Payment is on a 50-50 basis of gross receipts, with monthly settlement." Barnett Kleiman, editor, Advertising Features, 130 Dearborn Ave., Rye, N. Y.

- A&I -

The new super-market magazine Better Living (distributed only through stores belonging to the Super Market Institute), has indicated that its greatest free-lance market will be fillers on household hints, with or without photos. 4000-5000 word stories with domestic background will be bought, but chiefly from name writers. The nonfiction needs, other than fillers, will be little except picture-caption material and some interviews with name people. Rates will be the "going rates for such publications." Christine Holbrook edits at 230 Park Ave., New York 17.

The newest crime-fact magazine, Detective: The Magazine of True Grime Cases, uses high quality true-crime pieces, 2500-7500 words, with payment at 2c up: some reprint material is used, at lower rates. The magazine does not use photos and places no emphasis on gore or sensationalism. Edward D. Radin edits at 570 Lexington Ave., New

-AbJ-

Last-minute notes: Your Marriage magazine has been retitled Marriage Magazine; personal experience articles backed by research are needed by Editor Douglas E. Lurton, 227 E. 44th St., New York 17. The "Sidelines" section of This Week is no longer a market for humor and other filler material. Two well-known outdoors magazine have combined into Hunting and Fishing Combined with Outdoorsman, address, 814 No. Michigan Ave., Chicago. Modern Photography has new owners and is now edited at 251 4th Ave., New York 10; Augustus Wolfman is editor. Flair has folded.

- A&J -

Lucile Gulliver of Story-A-Day, 157 Newbury St., Boston 17, reports that they—three people—are processing thousands of Mss. received, as fast as humanly possible. "Each manuscript is returned not with a printed slip but with a brief typed letter of critical explanation for the rejection . . .

This criticism is proving valuable as some stories have already been sent back to us revised and have proved acceptable." She reports further that their need is for more stories of reality, of boys and girls or of animals living and expressing normal life. Date of first issue of Story-A-Day has been postponed until spring, 1951. She concludes, "It may interest you to know that the General Federation of Women's Clubs and the National Society for Crippled Children and Adults, Inc., are endorsing and advertising Story-A-Day. - At1

Mail addressed to Worlds Beyond (the sciencefiction magazine recently started by the Hillman group) has been returned with the notation, "Magazine discontinued."

- A&J -

Kathleen Rafferty at Dell Publications, 261 5th Ave., New York 16, pays a flat \$10 for onepage mysteries. They must not exceed 1000, and 500 is preferred. The story must give the reader a fair chance to guess the solution, which is revealed on a separate page. The stories appear in *Pocket Crosswords*, Dell Crosswords, and Official Crosswords, and examples might be examined before trying this special form.

- A&I -

The paper situation already begins to pinch in some places. For example, although Art Craft Play Co. reported to us-for this column in the December issue-that it was in the market for one-act and three-act plays, submitted plays are being returned with the statement, ". . . due to the paper situation, our publishing schedule is very unsettled at the present time. We are not in the market for plays right now." The same indecision is particularly important among most book publishers right now. More in our annual Forecast Issue for March.

 $-A \dot{v} J -$ The "Pepper and Sali" column of Wall Street Journal is at least temporarily out of the market for light verse.

- A&J -

"We will pay \$15 to \$20 on acceptance for 1000-word articles dealing with all phases of the painting contracting field, for use in our monthly pocket-size Scaffold Notes. Bonus for well-done graphs and/or photos. We particularly desire meaty how-to-do-its, backed with figures and veri-

#### TYPING THE COPY CAT

Electric Typewriter 25 years experience Manuscripts 40c per thousand words. Poetry 1c per line. Minor corrections in grammar, punc-tuation, spelling, etc., if desired. One carbon copy and extra first page free. Plus postage,

Long-established Stenographic Service Bertha Treben Comstock Jerome, Idaho P. O. Bex 1166

#### I GIVE YOUR STORY

brilliance - originality - appeal - over 2500 words of detailed help - showing you - The cost is \$4 (story exactly what to do under 8000 words).

**Prompt Service** 

BAYARD D. YORK 204 Raymond Road

West Hartford 7, Conn.

fied experiences. Prompt decisions and payments." B. B. Benton, New Jersey Council PADCA, c/o Benton Business Bureau, Morristown, N. J.

- A&J -The Washington Post is, at present, not in the market for light verse.

#### THE FIRST \$1000

(Continued from page 13)

That story had a happy ending-not all of them do. Sometimes we know pretty well what is required, but just can't seem to find it. Which

brings up the matter of skills.

Whatever sort of poet you are, you must be a skilled technician. Technique will never make a poet-poets are different people initially-but every poet, I firmly believe, should practice son-nets, French forms, blank verse, "free" verse (difficult precisely because the rules and the poem must be invented simultaneously-and be communicated together to the reader); and this practice should be an every day affair. Technique grows through daily application. The daily stint may not be poetry to sell-a poet writes as he must-but nearly always there is something to aim for if we search for it-an idea slanted toward a particular editor, or a poetry prize with an onrushing deadline.

Poetry prizes are often substantial. In 1949 the Texas poets offered several \$100 awards. In their contests I entered 17 of the 22 categories, and won 2 firsts. One was the \$100 Vollmer award, offered by the president of the Texas and Pacific for a railroad poem. There was nothing haphazard about my entry, "The Ballad of the

# **New Training Method** makes SELLING EASIER...MORE SURE

The CREATIVE ABILITY DEVEL-OPER starts with yee, your equip-ment, your psychology, your own way of expression. Through a wonderful, new series of daily reports, charts, tests and unique methods, you quickly learn to write salable stories, articles,

plays, poems.
This new training is excitingly different and more effective...No tedious assignments...no cut-and-dried lessons...no restraining formulas... You are aided to write freely, joyously, at the peak of your capacity. Low Cost.

Complete information at no obligation. Ask for "Your Way to Successful Authorship."

SIMPLIFIED TRAINING COURSE



26

Texas and Pacific." To out-Texan the Texans I read a dozen books on Texas, skimmed two dozen more, studied the T&P system—and came up with a ballad full of Texas lore, Texas cities and crossroads, Texas feeling toward living. Doubtless I spent considerably more than \$100 worth of time. But I could have spent less and won nothing—which points some sort of moral.

I've won a couple of dozen other prizes, many with engineered entries. Occasionally I save a likely poem that "just happened" for a future contest, particularly where publication is not involved and I can later sell the poem. In general, however, contest poems are unsuitable for top-paying markets, though they are often finer and more satisfying poems to write.

This brings up another point for selling success-varied output. Poetry in one vein often meets a saturated market. I try to write all kinds, and am proud that my Post acceptances include humor and Post Scripts, Americana, philosophy, and at least one honest-to-goodness tear-jerker.

I've mixed idealism and practicality in what, for me, is a satisfying—and moderately rewarding—program. Each year, as the accompanying chart shows, my income from sales and prizes has increased \$100 over the year before. It is both a comfort and a challenge to feel that a definite gain has been made, and must be made.

As for working habits: I get ideas at any time, but most frequently while reading. My wife supplies some of the best. I make notes constantly, but write in early morning or late at night, often both morning and night. I often revise by taking the manuscript to bed-together with Roget's Thesaurus and Clement Wood's dictionary. First drafts are generally done at the typewriter, but I've also done it the hard way-composing in my mind, in the Wasatch Moun-

LAND EDITORS' CHECKS

Be guided by on ADAMS CHART

As a mariner needs a compass, or a pilot a precision instrument, so a writer needs a chart based on

FUNCTIONAL TECHNIQUE.

You wouldn't think of baking a cake without a mold to give structure and form to it. You wouldn't think of cutting out a dress without a pattern. A carpenter uses a blue print to build a house. How much more necessary it is that you have a CHART which forms are advanted and tenture or blue print to build a content of the print of the pattern of the print of the pattern o

which forms an adequate mold, pattern, or blueprint into which you cast your effort at story construction. Were you to break down published stories into their component elements, you would find that each story had been cast into a segmented mold and that

every ingredient was present.

Definitely, an ADAMS CHART maps out the way into the minute intricacies of story structure. Each step is detailed for you. The CHART may be used for any story of purpose you wish to write, be it action story or character stery.

WRITING THIS WAY BECOMES A PLEASURE WITH AN I COME

A post card will bring . full .nformation.

### MARIE ADAMS

480 Blair Ave.

St. Paul 3, Micnesota

tains, with the rain coming down on my sleeping bag, copying down the next morning.

The simplest adequate card-index system I have found still requires 3 separate entries for each outgoing or incoming submission. The three types of card are:

- I. Magazine card: Name of mag, address, editors, needs, prices—across the top. On lines below, names of poems, dates in and out, sales notations.
- II. Poem card: Name of poem, serial number-across the top. On lines below, markets sent to, dates in and out.
- III. Date card: Chronological order of mailings: each line contains a date out, serial numbers of poems sent together, date back. (These cards check up on overdue reports.)

Such an index requires time. Keeping it is a chore. But who ever suggested that writing poetry was an easy way to earn money!

Disabuse your mind completely of the idea that selling an editor once means he will thereafter buy anything you send. Between my 13th and 14th Post acceptances there was a dry run of 84 straight Post rejections! Many of these sold elsewhere—at least one for more than the Post was then paying. But, the Post just didn't want them. I made Ladies Home Journal on my 54th try. These are examples—offered in proof of the sort of thing poets must survive.

There are, I am sure, far easier ways to make a thousand dollars—but, for me, I'm certain that I know none more satisfactory than along the road of the poet.

#### EASIEST WAY TO MAKE \$1 to \$10 DAILY WRITING FILLERS

The New 1951 Revised Course & Markets
No long training or professional style and plotting
technique is needed. You may write that which will
sell the day you first study the course. Shows how
to write jokes, news items, juvenile stories and articles, household hints, etc. Special sections for sportment houseweves, humorists, etc. Leading the section
to the state of the section of the secti

Jennie Jewel Drive Orlando, Florida

# ARE YOU LOOKING for a PUBLISHER?

The basic policy of this firm is to encourage new, unknown writers. If you are looking for a publisher, Vantage Press has an attractive plan whereby your book can be published, promoted and distributed on a professional basis. If you would like more information, please write for Free Booklet BB.

VANTAGE PRESS, INC.

230 W. 41st St. New York 18 California Office: Equitable Bidg., Hollywood 28

# Prize Contests

Large sums of money are involved in two contests announced by confession magazines. Details of the contest rules may be found in current issues of True Story, which offers \$25,000 in cash prizes for true stories between 1500 and 20,000 words, and Modern Romances, which offers \$10,-000 in its real-life story contest.

- A&J.

The Catholic Press Association has announced prizes of \$600, \$300, and \$100 for the best stories received in a contest which closes March 15, 1951. Authors, who must be Catholic, may submit only one manuscript each. The stories must be unpublished before announcement of the awards on May 17, 1951, but rights are retained by the authors and the stories may be sold later. Stories may be concerned with any theme consonant with Catholic principles; short-shorts are not permitted, but the recommendation is that lengths not exceed 7000 words. Entries must be submitted to Literary Awards Committee, Catho-lic Press Association, 120 Madison Ave., New York 16.

- A&J -

The second annual versatility contest spon sored by the New York Writers Guild offers prizes of \$25, \$15, and \$10 for the best all-round performance in the short-short story, filler, and verse. Closing date is March 10, 1951. Full information may be secured from the director, Georgia C. Nicholas, 210 E. 22nd St., New York

-AbJ-

A \$5,000 Frieder Literary award has been announced for the best novel on a Jewish theme. The Union of American Hebrew Congregations is sponsoring the competition, and the winning mauscript will be published by Rinehart and Co. Of the \$5,000 cash award, \$3,000 will constitute an outright prize and \$2,000 will be an advance against royalties. Closing date is November 15, 1951. The contest is open to all, and official entry blanks and rules of the contest may be obtained by writing to the Frieder Award Committee, 3 East 65th St., New York 21.

- A&I -Entry blanks for the 16th annual competition In drama writing conducted by Dramatists' Alliance may be secured from that organization, Box 200Z, Stanford University, Calif. Prizes include \$100 for the best full-length play and \$50 for the best short play. Prize-winning plays and other suitable plays entered in the competition will receive production in theatres of the San Francisco Bay Area. Closing date is March 25, 1951.

- Ab J -Prizes of \$15, \$10, and \$5, plus honorable mentions, are offered in the international poetry contest sponsored by the Authors' and Artists' Club of Chattanooga, Tenn. Only unpublished poems, not longer than 32 lines each, in any style and on any subject, may be entered. Each poet may submit no more than 2 poems. poems must be submitted anonymously, with the title and first line of the poem on the outside

of an envelope, in which the name and address of the submitting poet should be sealed. Closing date is May 1, 1951. Entries should be mailed to Mrs. Ollie Barnes Dayton, 4014 Rossville Blvd., Chattanooga, Tenn.

- A&J -

The Hospitalized Veterans Writing Project, 919 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 11, continues to offer quarterly prizes for poems written by hospitalized veterans. Any length may be entered. Contests close at the end of each quarter-March 31, June 30, September 30, December 31. Two copies of each poem (not more than five poems any one quarter) should be sent to the address above: a stamped, addressed envelope should be enclosed for return of poems with criticism. Quarterly prizes are \$10, \$5 and subscriptions for poetry magazines, or copies of books of poems. - A&I -

A juvenile Christian fiction contest has been announced by Zondervan Publishing House, Grand Rapids 2, Mich. Three prizes totaling \$1000 are offered for fiction for children 6-14 years of age, between 17,500 and 50,000 words in length. For further information, write to the

publisher.

- Ab ] -

The annual \$3000 Charles W. Follett award for worthy contribution to children's literature has been announced, for 1951, with opening date Jan. 1 and closing date Aug. 1. Copies of the rules and entry form may be requested from The Charles W. Follett Award, 1255 So. Wabash Ave.. Chicago 5.

# BOOKS

#### THAT ARE BASIC to Every Writer's Library

THE TECHNIQUE OF FICTION

THE TECHNIQUE OF PICTION
by Willard E. Hawkins
The widespread use of THE TECHNIQUE OF FICTION
in classroom, as well as in successful writers' libraries, is a clear indication of the value of this book.
Hawkins, the founder of AUTHOR & JOURNALIST,
has incorporated here his Twelve Basic Themes, and
beginning writers especially will shortcut their way
to good markets if they follow closely the wellblazed trail set forth in Hawkins' book.
Cloth, 192 pages, \$2.50

#### THE CHARACTER EMERGES

Proceedings of the country, Ars. Barrett author & Journal Traders need no introduction to the work of Catharine Barrett. As one of the most successful teachers of writing in the country, Ars. Barrett received immediate and sustained acclaim for a series of articles on character which appeared recently in A&J. THE CHARACTER EMERGES includes not only those articles, but her unique Character Chart and her list of Character Traits.

|                                         | Paper, \$1.00                            |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
|                                         |                                          |
| AUTHOR & JOURNAL                        | IST, Denver 10, Colorado                 |
| enclose \$  THE TECHNIQUE  THE CHARACTE | of FICTION at \$2.50 R EMERGES at \$1.00 |
| Name                                    |                                          |
| Address                                 |                                          |
| City                                    | Zone State                               |

# As You Were Saying . . .

Postcards bearing suggestions for names for this readers' column are beginning to flood the A&J office. Though scheduled to close February 10, we've decided to continue the contest until the big Forecast Issue (March) goes to press, so keep your cards coming. A description of the new column, rules of the contest, and prizes offered appeared on page 33 of the January A&J.

You sure hit me on the head with your tradejournal articles. Tell Sheppard and Espey that I would like to thank them personally.

I've been a welder since 1941, and I have published with *Hobart Bros. News* since 1945. Maybe I'm not a wizard, but I've never had a reject when I wrote about welding.

Maurice P. Stannard

I'm a housewife, but I do a bit of free-lance writing, jingling, etc., so naturally I read A&J. After reading William Sheppard's article on selling to the trade magazines, I followed his advice to write a short article and send it to Specialty Salesman, setting forth my reaction to door-to-door salesmen. And already, believe it or not, my little articles has been accepted and paid for!

I'll admit I was a bit dubious. It seemed, I thought, there would be so many housewives who would take Mr. Sheppard's advice that I almost got cold feet and didn't write my piece. I feared it would be lost in the shuffle. But I did write it, I did send it, and it did sell!

Eunice Adele Walker

That poem "Distinction of Men" on page 21 of the December  $A \not = J$  is a concentrated course in fiction writing. It told me the secret of selling better than all the courses I ever took. Thanks to Mr. Downer and  $A \not = J$ .

S. C. Shields

One of the greatest rejection letters that was ever cleared through my agency was the following sent to a minister who had tried his hand at the weird type:

"I am sure this is too contrived and unconvincing even as fantasy. It isn't natural. After all, this subject is mainly taboo and controversial. It hasn't a wholesome or noble atmosphere. It

I Want to Contact New WRITERS

who are interested in cashing checks of \$1 to \$100, offered every day. The easiest way to write for pay. No previous experience necessary. Send for FREE DETAILS. No obligation. \$AUNDERS M. CUMMINGS

468-3 Independence Bidg., Colorado Springs, Colo.

is what some editors call 'negative' fiction. It doesn't give a lift nor is it original. You have too much light in you to dim it by negative atmosphere and frail characters.

"Give us real stimulation and good plot. Not preachment, but power which makes us proud of human nature at its best, under test and triumph. All editors want inner depth with appealing story. Such upliftment must be subtle, so the reader is carried along without realizing he is walking with God. For after all, God works through characters, not spectacles. He is revealed by strength in man which overcomes the mean things in life."

This has helped many of our writers. It might help others, too.

Ed Bodin

For some time I have been wanting to talk over a certain matter with all of you people. You will see by the verse what I am griping about—entirely too much technique stressed in writing courses and elsewhere. How can one be original? How can one have a style and message of his own?

Some day
By and by
I'll really try
Not to comply
With rule and regulation.
I'll close my eyes,
Think hard and wise,
Forget technique
And all advice,
And surprise the whole dern nation!

Beth Grey

#### THE BEGINNER

(Continued from page 12)

associated with what news writers would call "news value." If you have a nose for news-and you can develop it if you don't have it-

#### REVISING

On The Script
EDITING
REVISING
CORRECTING
POLISHING
7 PAGE ANALYSIS

2.00

per script to 1000 words, 50c a 1000 words thereofter plus return postage.

#### SALABLE MANUSCRIPTS RUSHED TO MARKET FOR QUICK SALE

By my Top-Flight Literary Agent. 10% Commission on Sales. Particular attention paid to Beginning Writers. Positively no personal interviews, please. MAIL MANU-SCRIPTS: "ATTENTION, REWRITE DESK B."

#### RALPH NATHAN

(Since 1932)

814 44th Avenue, San Francisco 21, Calif.

#### NEED WE SAY MORE?

A client writes:\* "You are the first agent—who ever did anything constructive for me. All others went off on a tangent with beautiful theories, none of which were practical." \*(name on request)

of which were practical." \*(name on request)
Novels — Short Stories — Articles — Plays
Write for Television and Radio—Plays read by
Broadway producers.
ANALYSIS — CRITICISM — GUIDANCE
REPRESENTATION
Reading fees: \$2.00 up to 5000 words; over 5000
and up to 10,000, 50c per thousand; 10,000 to
40,000, \$7.00; full length novels & plays, \$10.00.
Manuscripts typed, 20c per page. Return postage
with each ms. please. Send for FREE BOOKLET,
"To The New Writer."

NEW YORK LITERARY AGENCY New York 32, N. Y. 910 Riverside Drive

> BECOME A TRAINED CHRISTIAN WRITER

More than 160 religious publications are looking for articles that you can write and be paid for . . . IF YOU HAVE THE KNOW-HOW. Today hundreds of students of Christian Writers Institute are selling well-written stories and articles to these publications.

Earn while you loan

Study at home in your spare time. Get the professional training that will bring you Write today for editors' checks. MARKET free sample lesson TIPS, publication free with each course, lists markets and complete information. No obterials for individual magazines. Write Dept. AJ-21

CHRISTIAN WRITERS INSTITUTE

# - WANTED -New Writers - -

to follow the pleasant, easiest, and shortest paths to writing sales. Experience unnecessary. Editors buying many manuscripts each week. Write for free details.

VERN LOUGHLAN 102 Earl Building Boulder, Colo. you ought to have the first qualification for writing non-fiction. Some training and experience in journalism, particularly in writing the "hu-man interest" article of the newspaper, will be very helpful.

- 2. The "interest" in the article is likely to be some unusual bit of information, perhaps a twist, a new perspective, on something well known. This new perspective need not be-and for most magazine non-fiction, like the newspaper feature, should not usually be-strongly argumentative, opinionated, "editorialized" in trying to convince the reader of a particular point of view. We are quite aware that not even news reporting can be completely impersonal and objective; but the interpretation and personal elements are normally placed in the background and blended with the piece in subtle fashion. Similarly with most popular non-fiction, except for the expose or work offered as something startling; keep opinions and "editorializing" in the background, and concentrate on the unusual "interest" of the information.
- 3. Since non-fiction of this type has been replacing fiction in many places, it has been developing dramatic qualities quite competitive with fiction techniques. This I personally like to call "the anecdotal structure." I don't know if the phrase has been used elsewhere. But I believe that it may suggest something clearly to the would-be writer of non-fiction. In developing a magazine article, try to get some concrete details, little stories, anecdotes, colorful material of that sort. Then plan your piece so that it moves from one anecdote to the other, much as a story moves from scene to scene. Introduce the piece with a particularly interesting bit of information or anecdote (just as the fiction-writer introduces his story at a moment of dramatic interest); build in only such back-ground as is absolutely necessary, and then move on through the anecdotes until the whole has been built in, like a story. Then, like a story, the reading interest will be rapid and high all the way through the piece. And you'll likely have a sale, when you present it at the right

Now I return specifically to my reader's question: How find such anecdotes, how get the material for this "anecdotal structure"? This will depend upon the sources of the material (the information or "human interest" matter, whether an odd fact, interesting personality, etc. If the material is secured primarily by research into books, then research must be continued to uncover some suitable anecdotes. Every item of interest, no matter how deeply buried in a book, is likely to be surrounded by interesting information about a person involved, consequences of the "fact," antecedents of the "fact." In working with interview or personal observation for securing information, the possibilities of finding such anecdote, colorful sidelight, unexpected detail, are, of course, as great as one's own developed ability to observe and select the most interesting items from what is likely a great mass of material.

### ADEAS . .

(ADEAS offers you the reader and writer, an opportunity, for a lew cents, to air your wares, from one line to 50 words' and the Trace One; Aed saks that the lines here be in good tasts. Literary critics and agents, typists, stationers, and those who offer correspondence courses have found advertising space elsewhere in the magazine. Rates here run 9c a word for the first insertion and 8c after that, for the same copy. Copy deadline is the first of the month preceding publication. Address correspondence to ADEAS, AUTHOR & JOURNALIST, Denver 10, Colorado.)

#### **BOOKS & MAGS**

- PSYCHOLOGY OF LOVE—\$1.00. Helps you write salable love stories and also helps you in solving your private life problems and winning happiness. J. C. SLOAN, P. O. Box 1008, Glendole, Calif.
- ANOTHER A&J SPECIAL. Did you ever think of illustrating your own stories, poems, articles? You can, you know. A \$1 bill will bring you ADVENTURE IN DRAWING, by Alfred Morang. Combines realistic and abstract drawing. "Even against my will I found myself armed with a pencil and chasing ideas," says Harold Main. AUTHOR & JOURNALIST, Denver 10, Colorado.
- WRITERS, COMPOSERS: Your name on a penny cord brings price list. Magdalene Kuhlman, 184 South Point Drive, Avon Lake, Ohio.
- CARTON GAG WRITERS. "Cartoonists Bible" \$2.00 Don Ulsh, 123-35 82 Rd., Kew Gordens, N. Y.
- ANOTHER A&J SPECIAL Three pamphets, two books for \$1.00! Authors' Agents, to Use or Not to Use, 35 cents; Making a Book Contract, deFord, 35 cents; Looking Back, Kroll, 35 cents; Rhyming Dictionery, 15 cents and Clement Wood's Hints on Writing Peetry, 15 cents. For the five, send \$1 to Author & Journalist, Denver 10, Colo.
- THE PLOT BOOK. Make your own. Create original plots from published stories without plagiarizing. Makes writing simpler, easier. Folio shows how. Price, 50c. Writecraft Service, Gurnee 2, III.
- USED COURSES AND INSTRUCTION BOOKS on writing, bought, sold, rented, and exchanged. Money back guarantee. Smith's, 84 Washington, Peobody, Mass.
- WOULD YOU PAY 3% FIRST \$350 MADE?—BOOK, "505 Odd, Successful Businesses" Free! Work home! Expect something odd! Pacific AJ, Oceanside, California.
- POETRY by your EDITORS: The last two editors of A&J have been poets. Here is a special chance to secure the books in print which contain poems by Margaret A. Bartlett and Alan Swallow.

  1. Just at the time of her death, Margaret A. Bartlett's collected poems, AFTERGLOW, was published by Sage Books, Inc., Priced at \$2.50, this book may be purchased in this special combination effer for A&J readers—price, \$1.50.
  - in this special combination effer for A&J reasurs—procession this special combination of the Owner of The Decker Press, properties of that press were released. We were fortunate enough to secure the last 50 copies of Alan Swalphov's first collection of poems, THE REMEMBERED LAND. Priced of \$2.00, these few remaining copies (without jackets) are available through A&J combination offer for \$1.40.

    3. THE WAR POEMS OF ALAN SWALLOW is still available in limited quantity. This extractive small book was published at \$1.00. Through arrangement with Fine Editions Press the A&J combination price is .85. For the combination prices, order any two of the above books from AUTHOR & JOURNALIST, Denver 10, Colo. Special for all three books: \$2.50.

#### MARKETS

- NEW FOLIOS! 125 Paying Markets for Poetry and Greeting Card Verses—25c. 100 Markets for Humor and Cartoons—25c. 100 Markets for Fillers and Short Items—25c. 100 Markets for Short Stories—25c. Selling Tips, Submitting instructions, included free. Complete Research Services. H. Blerman, 4746 Berryman Ave., Culver City, Calif.
- LLER WRITERS—Increase your income! Over 400 filler markets of all types. \$2.00! Ben Cassell, 17717 Revello Drive, Pacific Polisades, Calif.

- EARN MONEY writing trade news. Information free.
- IF YOU LIKE TO INVENT things on paper, you may earn up to \$200 month, inventing toys, games, gadgets. Special markets buy your ideas. Write, Hendrickson, Argyle (19), Wiscensin.
- FILLERS AND SHORT PARAGRAPHS Sell Readily. Details and Markets 25c. 101 Markets for all kinds of Poems 25c. Writers Service, Box 1355, Lubbock, Texas.
- FILLERS AND SHORT PARAGRAPHS sell readily. Details and Markets 25c. 101 Cash Markets for all kinds of poems 25c. Greeting Card verse markets 23c. Writers Service, Box 1355, Lubbock, Texas.
- YOU DON'T HAVE TO TRAVEL to write travel-articles. Complete instructions, 100 material sources, 50 markets. All 3 folios for only \$1. Conadian Writers Service, Bowmonville, Ontario, Canada.

#### **PERSONALS**

- BOARD & ROOM. Registered nurse's beautiful Coloniul home. \$15 a week. Old Homestead, Merrimac, Massechusetts.
- SOMEONE TO CARE—That universal need. Join THE FRIENDSHIP CLUB. Write Charlotte Kay, Box 670, Seattle, Wash. Postage, please.
- ATHENAEUM SOCIETY wants writers, artists, musicians, poots, booklovers, others, gifted with friendliness, literary, artistic aspirations. Sand \$2 for year's membership in genuine cultural correspondence club, the ATHENAE

- TEACH-YOURSELF WRITING COURSES & Books, new and used, bargain prices. W. Heideman, Jennie Jewel Drive, used, bargain prices. Orlando, Florida.
- WANT TO WRITE PROFESSIONALLY and thereby sell as quickly as passible? Find answer my ad, this magazine, page 24. NATALIE NEWELL, Ghostwriter.
- SHORT FEATURES THAT SELL QUICKLY. Where to get, how to write, where to sell. 25c. 3c stamps or coin. Writecraft Service, Gurnee 2, III.
- FINISHED INK CARTOONS drawn to your gags, \$2.00. Pencil "rough" included. Ross, 111-14 76th Ave., Forest Hills, N. Y.
- HAVING TROUBLE WITH YOUR POEMS? Your name and address on a panny postcard to me may change the picture for you. Whiteley, 2915 Woodland Dr., Washington, D. G.
- ART WORK made to your needs: I will illustrate anything from Ink (\$1-\$10) to Oils (\$10-\$300). Jeannette North, 311 Markwith Ave., Greenville, Ohio.
- SHORTHAND IN ONE WEEK. EZ longhand system. Self-instructor. Returnable. \$1.00. Zinman, 215A West 91, New York 24, New York.
- AUTHOR'S RESEARCH SERVICE—Your research preblems answered immediately, accurately, economically. Subscriptions or single copies of magazines on any subject obtained if needed. Books on any subject located for additional background research at small extra cost per book. Send wants immediately to Mr. Research, 110 W. 42nd Street, New York, N. Y.

#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- IF YOU CAN COPY OR TRACE simple cartoons, you may earn up to \$45.00 weekly, spare-time, home or office, in a New Duplicating Service for Advertisers. Particulars free. Cartoon-Ad Service, Argyle 19, Wisconsin.
- 500 FOUR LINE GUMMED STICKERS—\$1.00! Printed nectify with your name, address; any wording. Samples free. Morey's, 627 Baker, San Francisco, Calif.
- YOUR NAME AND FULL ADDRESS on a good Rubber Stamp, made-to-order, only \$1.00, postpoid. Morey Press, 627 Baker, Son Francisco, Colif.
- SEX-MARRIAGE GUIDES Illustrated, 25c! Ten-\$1.60! Free lists! Hirsch, Spring Valley 2, N. Y.



WORLD of difference. The critic handling your manuscript can lounge beneath a banyan tree while the New York agent must hustle, make contacts and keep abreast of constantly changing editorial demands.

The critic says, "Your story is good; go sell it."

FRANK Q. BRADY, the Literary Agent says, "Your story is good; I'll sell it."

You need me—an experienced, aggressive, hard-hitting agent to push your manuscript. I'm located in New York City, the heart of the publishing world and am well equipped to handle your every writing need. SEND ME YOUR SCRIPT TODAY!

RATES: PROFESSIONALS: 10% commissions on sales if you sell regularly to national magazines or if you've placed a book this year. Write full details before sending manuscripts. NEWER WRITERS: \$1. per thousand words or fraction thereof—minimum fee per script \$5. Enclose fee with each manuscript. Fee always refunded on sale of manuscript. BOOK: \$5 handling charge.

REWRITING and GHOSTWRITING—Professional revision or creation of your novels, non-fiction or stories. NOW HANDLING POETRY.

Write today for free booklet YOUR KEY TO SUCCESSFUL WRITING.

IN CHOOSING A LITERARY AGENT - WHY NOT THE BEST?

FRANK Q. BRADY, Literary Agent

Dept. AJ, 55 West 42nd Street, New York 18, New York